



Jet Propulsion Laboratory
California Institute of Technology

Exoplanets and the Search for Life in our Galaxy

Ray Lemus, Business Manager

NASA Exoplanet Exploration Program

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Monday, February 27, 2017

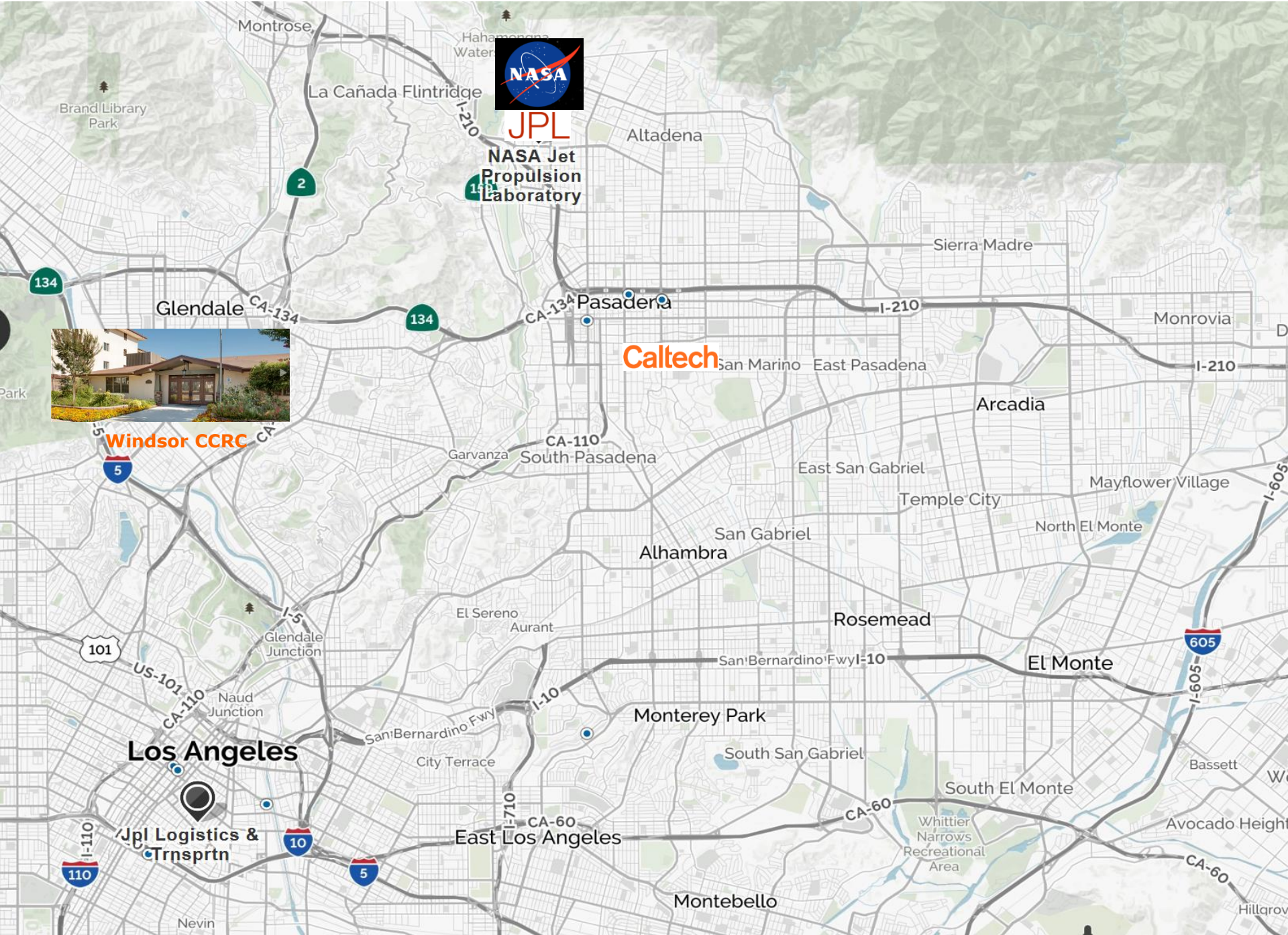
Windsor Community

Glendale, CA

Agenda

- **NASA's ExoPlanet Exploration Program**
 - **NASA and JPL**
 - **Historical Perspective**
 - **Program's Purpose**
 - **Kepler's Amazing Results**
 - **Are we alone?**
 - **How to Find Exoplanets**
 - **Q&Aliens**
 - **Thoughts**





JPL
NASA Jet
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Laboratory

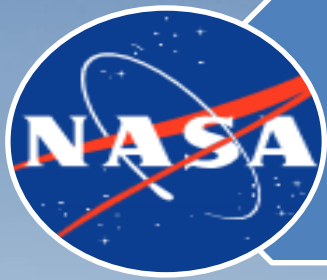
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Windsor CCRC



JPL has expertise in:

- Science
- Engineering
- Technology
- Programs/projects



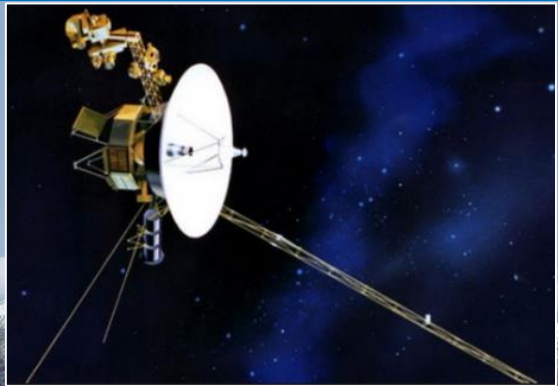
NASA
Government Agency for
Aeronautics, Space
Exploration and Earth
Science



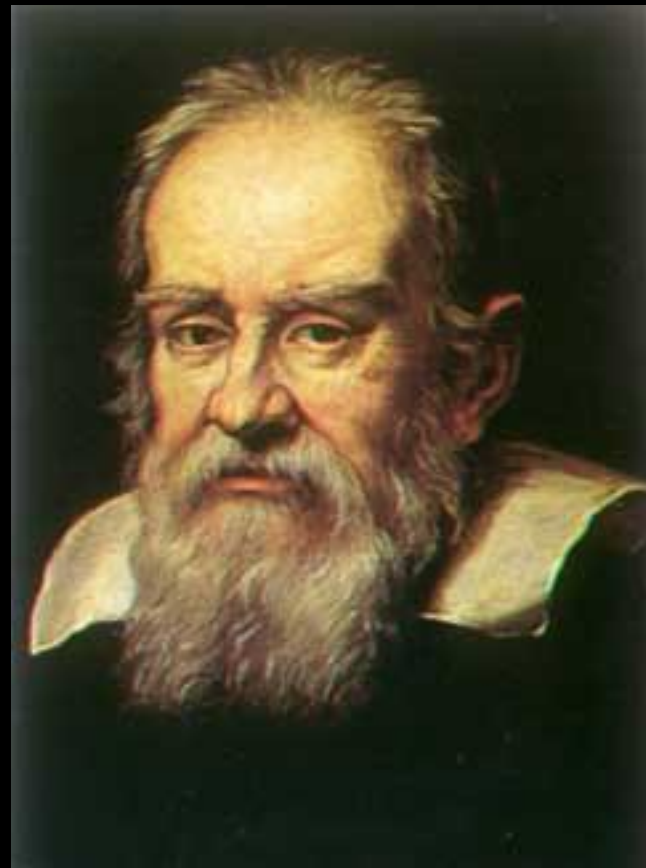
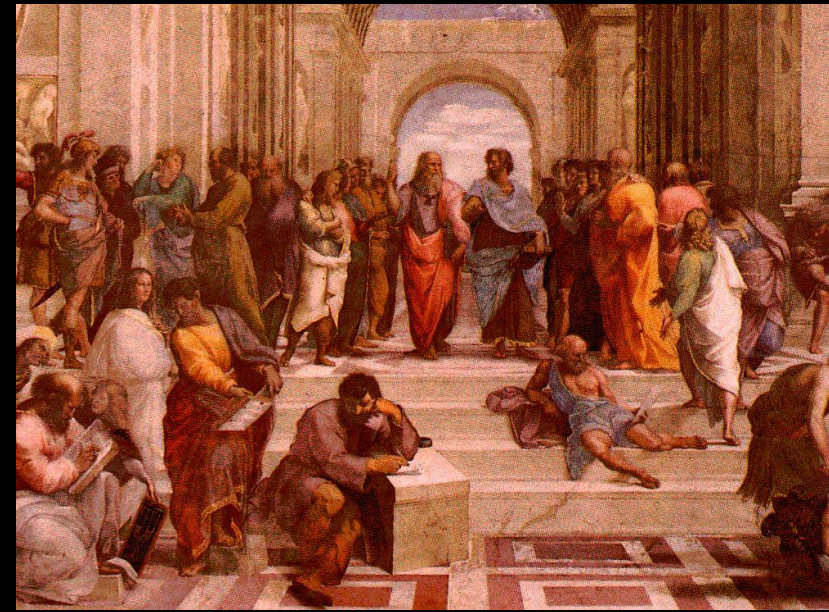
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Operating Division of
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& Development Center



The Ancient History of Comparative Planetology



*"There are infinite worlds both like and unlike this world of ours...We must believe that in all worlds there are living creatures and plants and other things we see in this world"---
Epicurus (c. 300 BCE)
(died painfully 269 BCE)*

"...false and damnable ..."

G. Galilei (b. 1564)
(life imprisonment 1633)

"There are countless suns and countless earths ..."
Giordano Bruno (b. 1584)
in De L'infinito Universo E Mondi
(burned at the stake in Campo dei Fiore, Rome, 1600)



Image Credit: Ross Manges





NASA Exoplanet Exploration Program

Astrophysics Division, NASA Science Mission Directorate

NASA's search for habitable planets and life beyond our solar system



Program purpose described in 2014 NASA Science Plan

1. Discover planets around other stars
2. Characterize their properties
3. Identify candidates that could harbor life

ExEP serves the science community and NASA by implementing NASA's space science vision for exoplanets

<https://exoplanets.nasa.gov>

NASA Named Its Planet Finding Telescope After Johannes Kepler

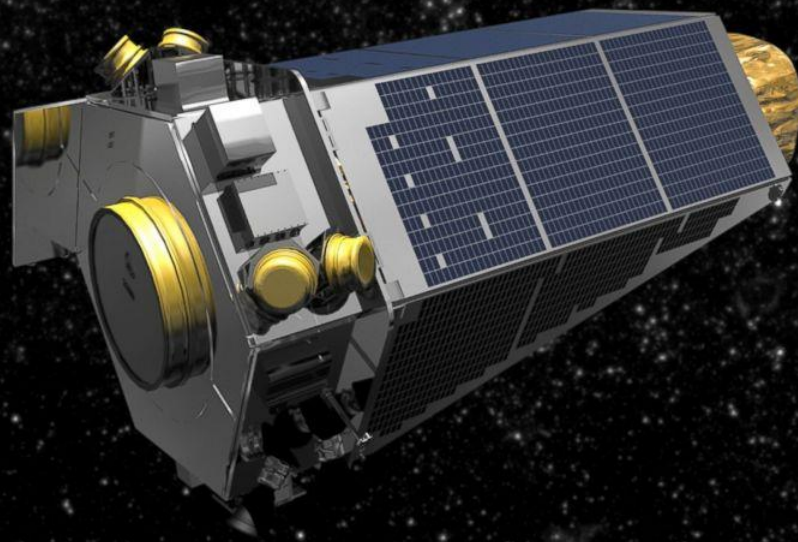


German astronomer Johannes Kepler used mathematics to calculate the path of the planets, finding that they traveled not in circles, as long expected, but in ellipses.

Credit: Johannes Kepler Gesammelte Werke , C. H. Beck, 1937

- Johannes Kepler was born in the late 16th century
- Scientists believed that planets in the solar system traveled in circular orbits around the Earth
- Kepler adamantly defended the idea that planets orbit the sun instead, a heretical idea at the time
- Revealed that their paths were not perfect circles, but rather ellipses
- His descriptions of planetary motions became known as Kepler's laws

NASA's Kepler Space Telescope



Transit Technique



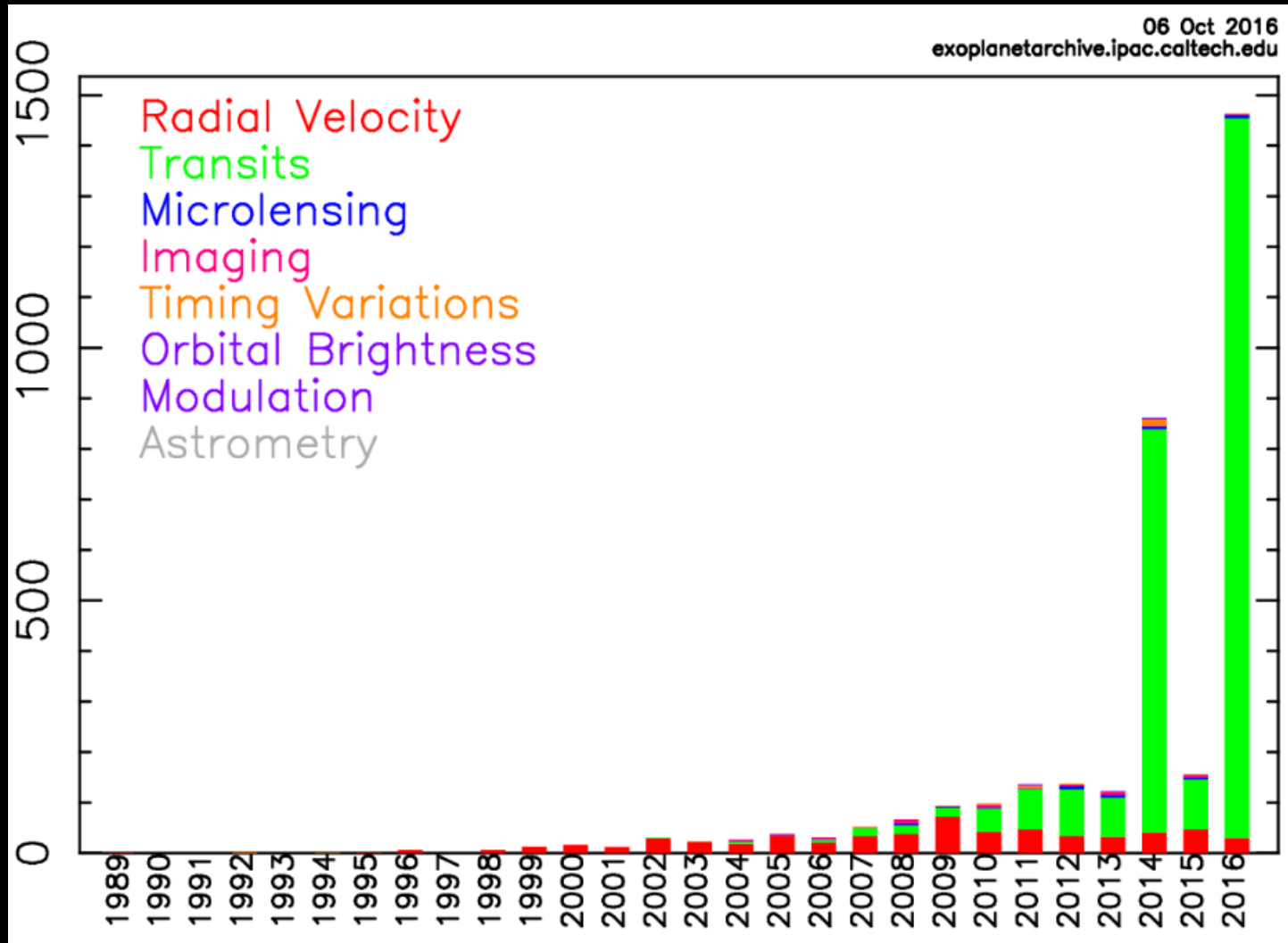
BRIGHTNESS



TIME IN HOURS

3,396 Confirmed Exoplanets (as of 10/8/16)

Number of Planets



Discovery Year

Idaho Public Television: Science Trek



Filming for Idaho Public Television: Science Trek
Tiffany Meshkat and Nick Siegler took part in a filmed Q&A for an exoplanets-themed episode of Idaho Public Television's kids series, Science Trek. Questions were posed by K-7 students.

The episode is scheduled to air in January 2017

- <http://idahoptv.org/sciencetrek/topics/exoplanets/>



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Science Trek: Explore Your Universe!

Click on a Topic:

- Ages Past
- Animals
- Earth Science
- Environment
- Human Body
- Science Fundamentals
- Space
- Technology
- Other

Exoplanets [ɪk-ɔ-ˈplɛ-nəts]

Planets that orbit a star outside our solar system.

Every year astronomers are discovering stars other than our own sun that have planets orbiting around them. These planets are called exoplanets, or extrasolar planets. They are huge distances away from Earth, so special telescopes and methods are needed to find them. Though we may wonder how much like Earth exoplanets are, they are too far away for astronomers to see what they really look like or to determine if any life exists on them.

Find out more about this topic by clicking on the buttons on this page. You can watch our broadcast show, *Science Trek: The Web Show*, and our video shorts in our player. **Facts** will tell you more about the topic. **Links** will expand your learning beyond our site. **Glossary** gives you a list of specialized words. **Resources** offer reading suggestions. **Games** give you a chance to play. **Top 10** are answers to ten of our favorite questions asked by students. **Teachers** provides materials for educators. **Archive** takes you to video files from past shows not on our current player. **Contact Us** by clicking on the link in the masthead to email us questions or comments. Click for the current season's **schedule of programs**. Learn more about the **scientists on this show** and be sure to check out my **blog**.

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Kepler's Amazing Results:

1 Planets are diverse

Lava Planets

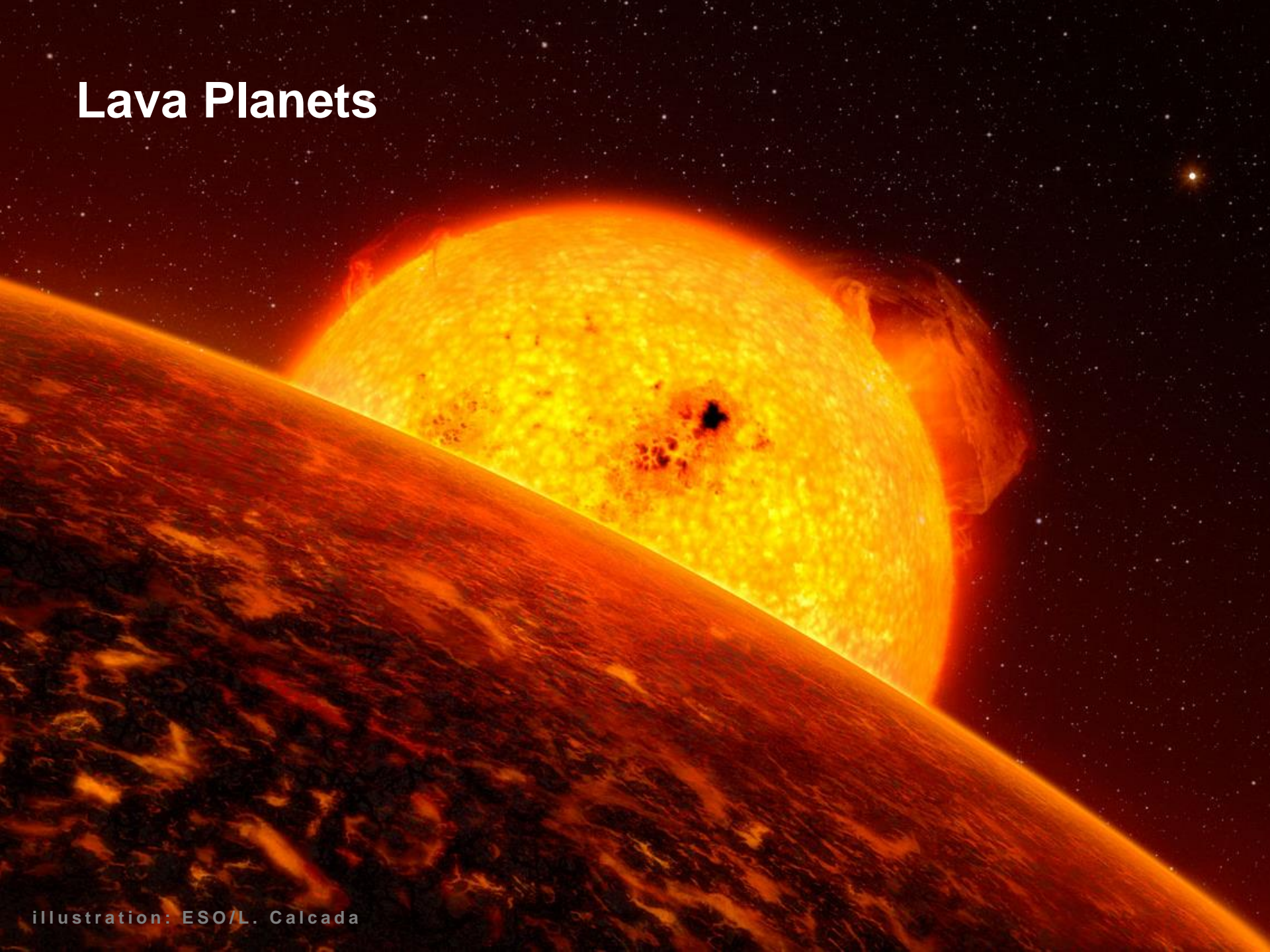
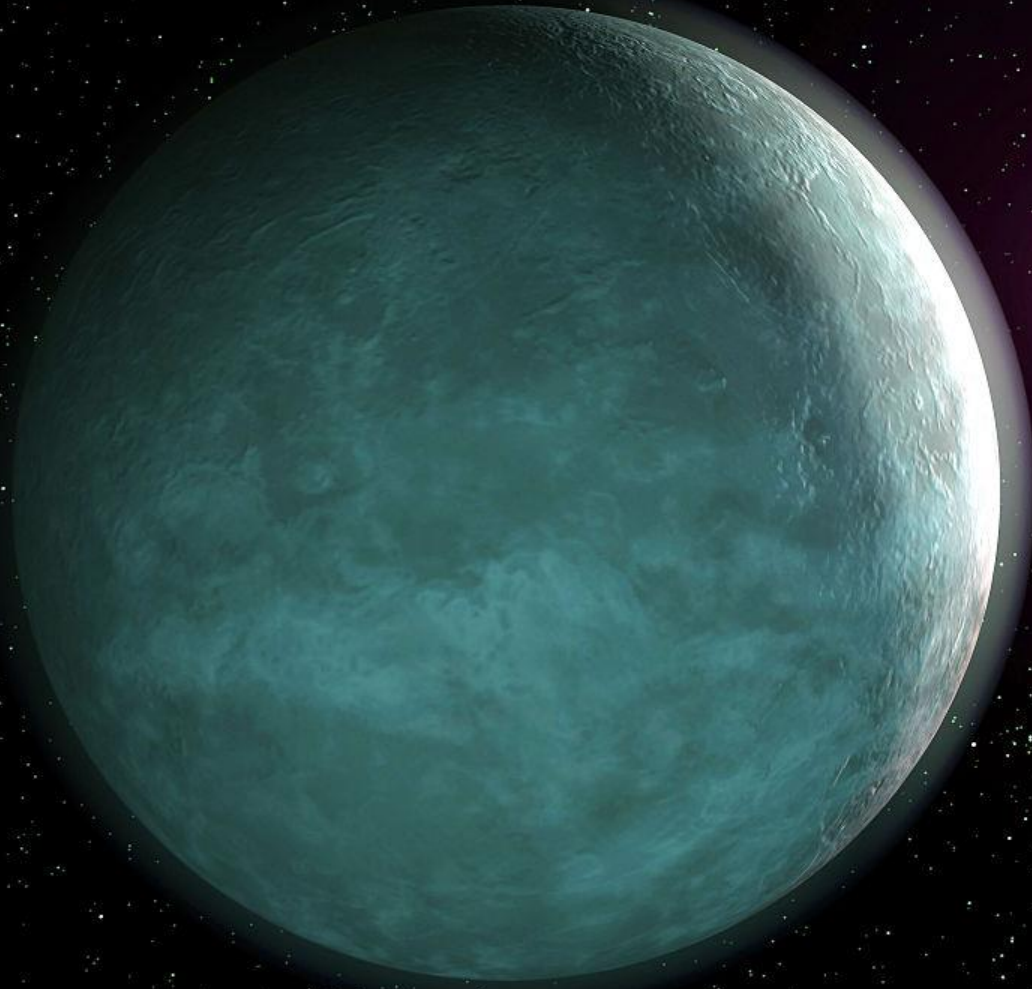
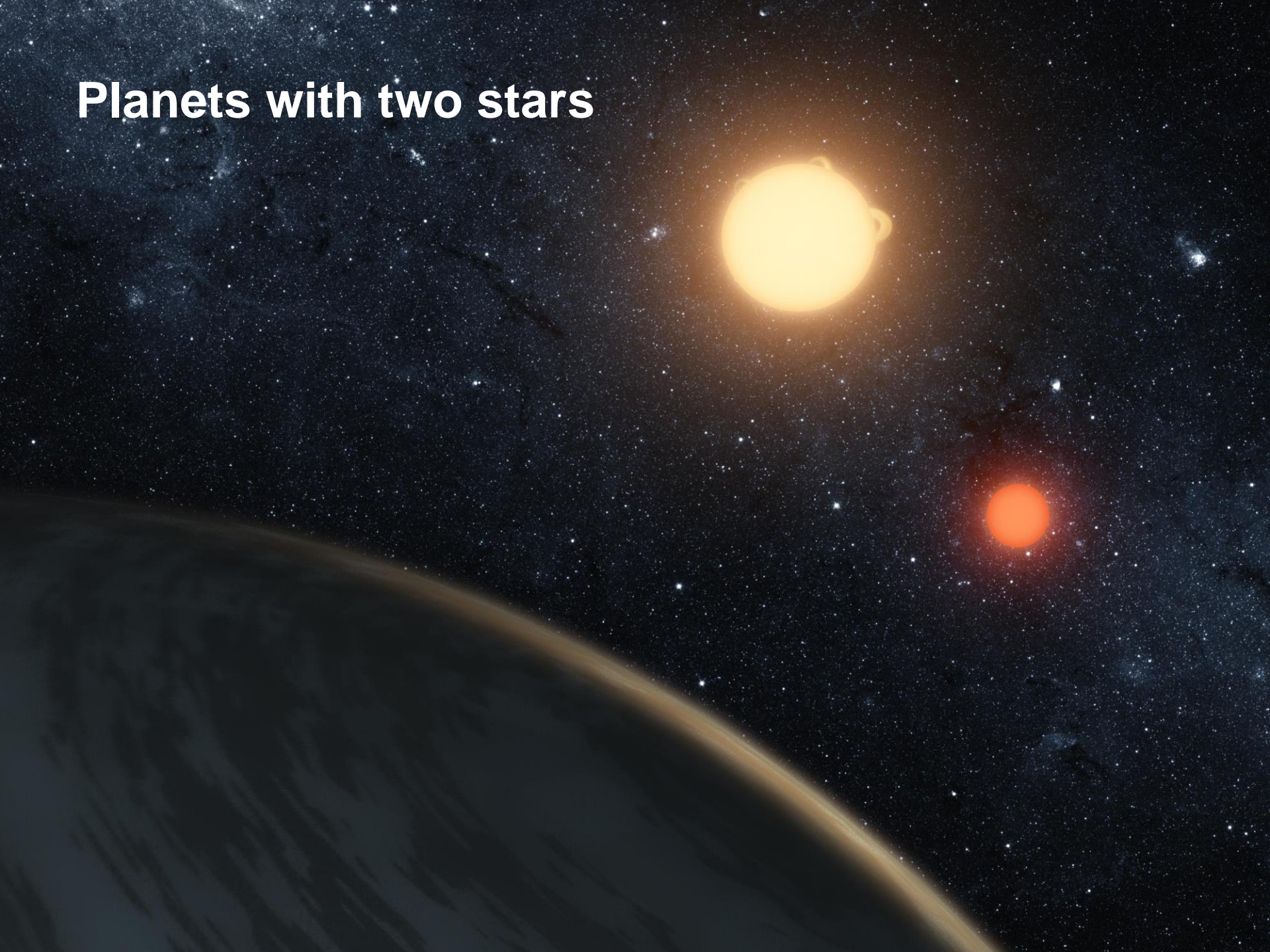


illustration: ESO/L. Calçada

Ice Planets

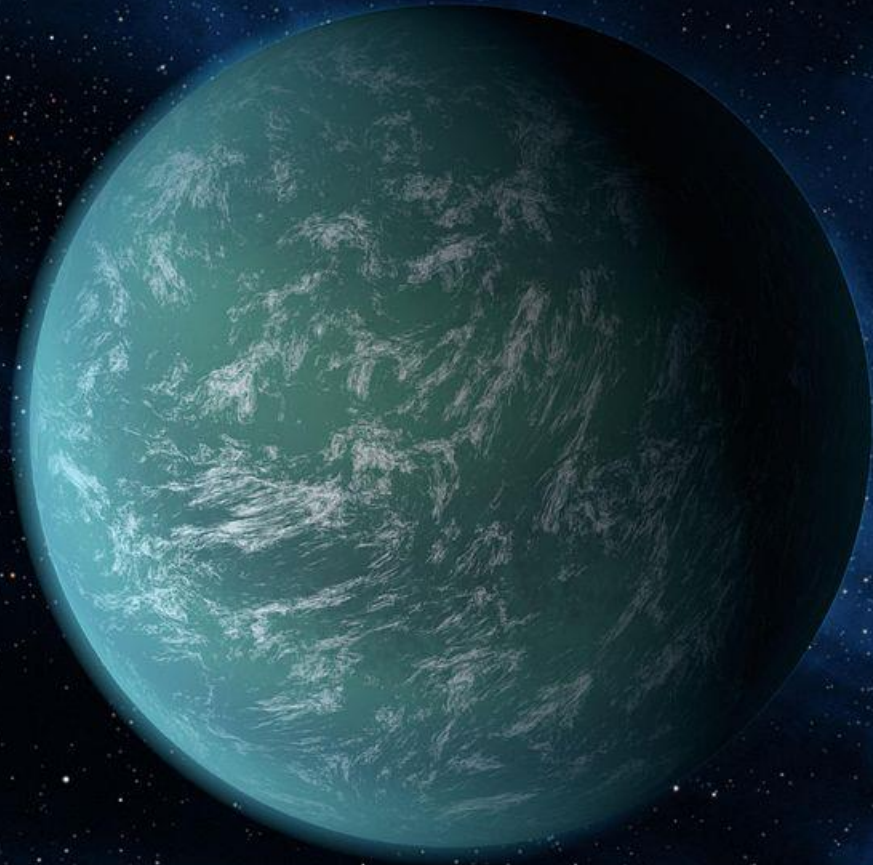


Planets with two stars





Water Worlds



Nomad planets not bound to any star at all!



Kepler's Amazing Results:

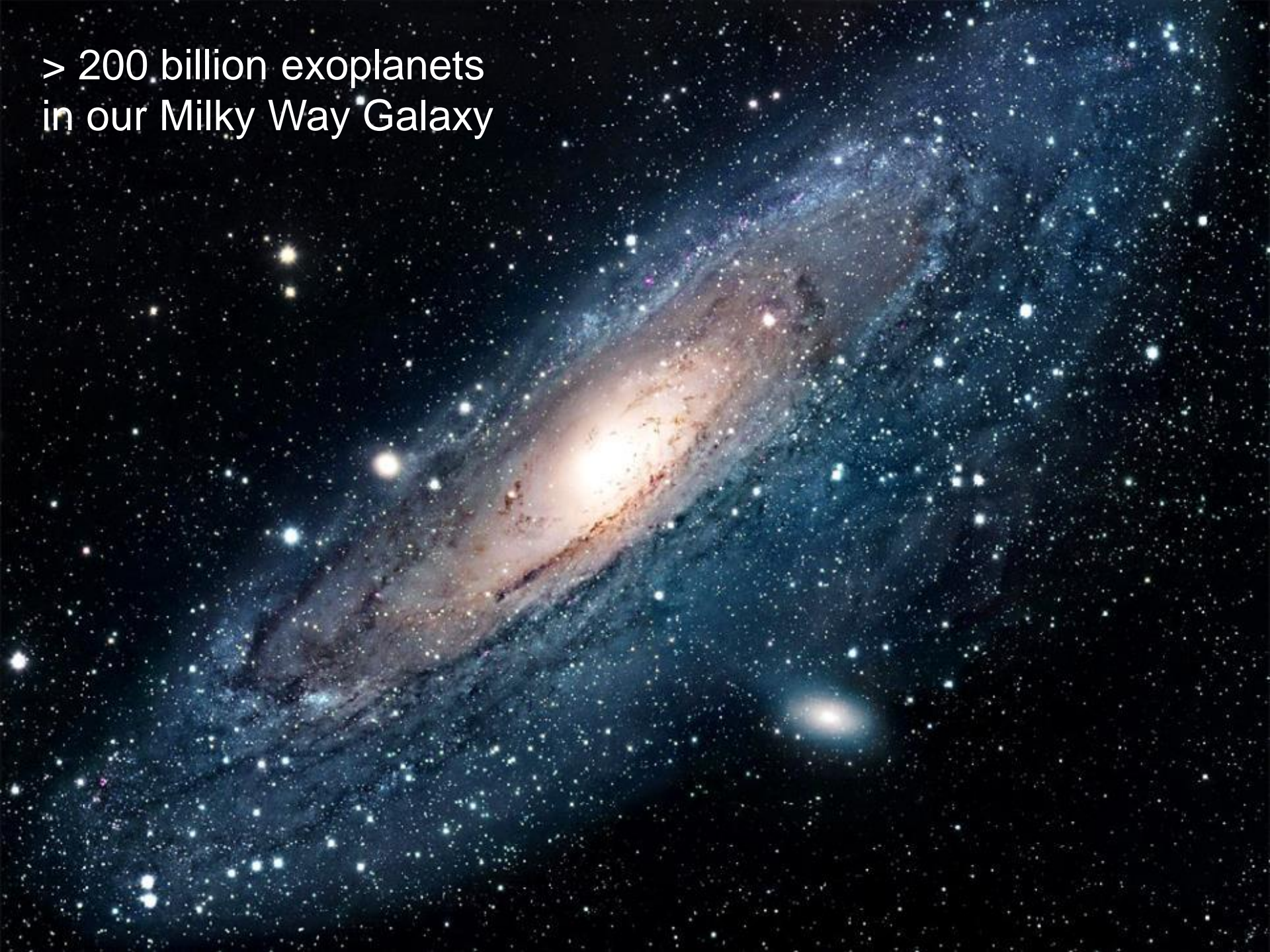
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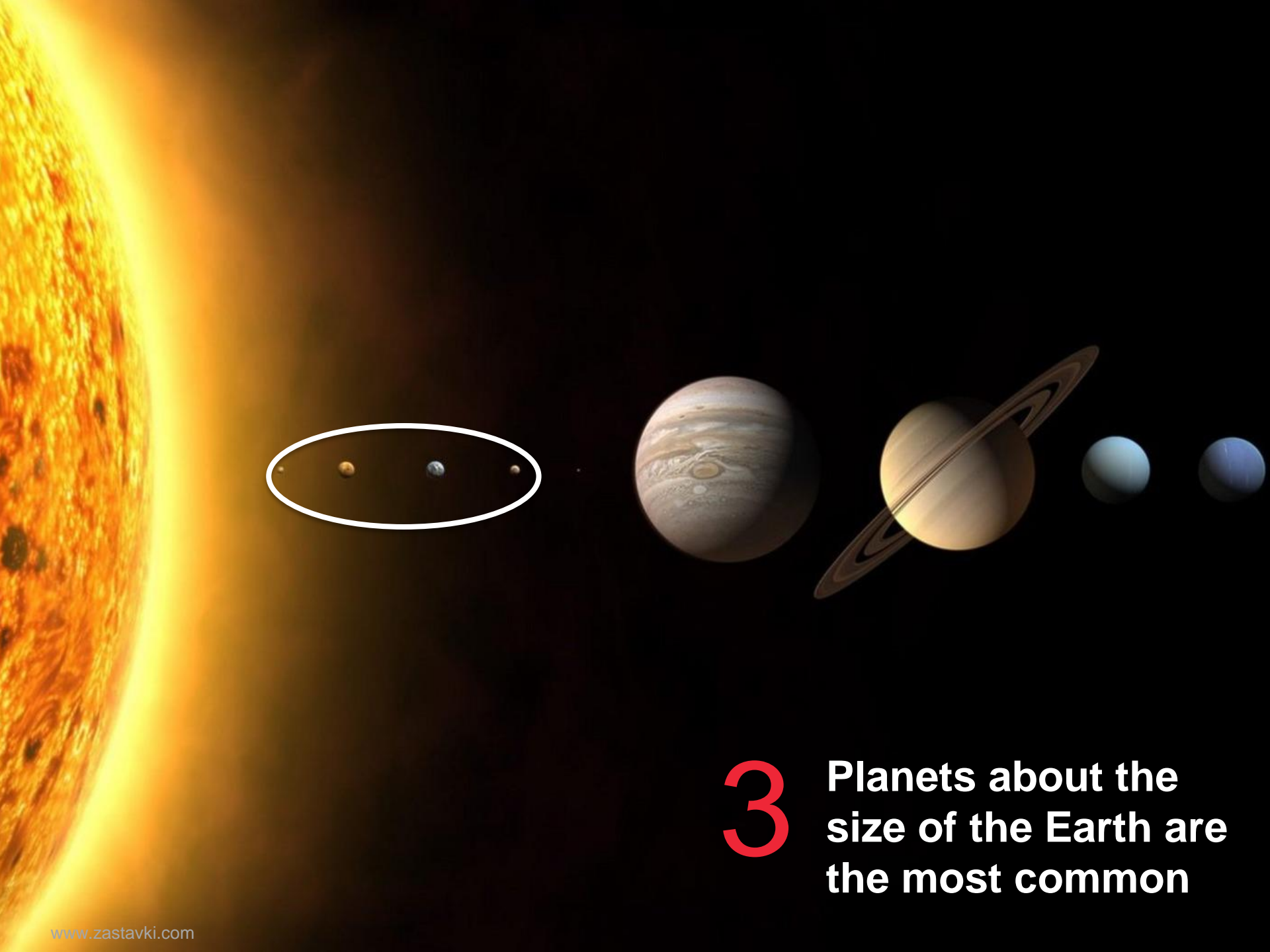
On average there is at least one planet for each star in our Galaxy

(and likely more...)

▪

> 200 billion exoplanets
in our Milky Way Galaxy





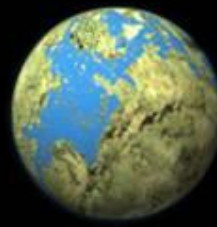
3

Planets about the size of the Earth are the most common

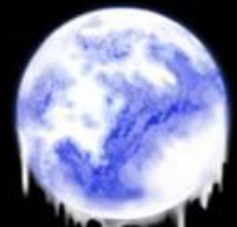
Many of the new planets get too hot or too cold to support life.



Too hot!



Just right!



Too cold!

tens of billions

HABITABLE ZONE

Just Right



4

Planets about the size of the Earth that orbit in the Habitable Zone of their stars are common

Q&Alien Video: Habitable Zones

Q & ALIEN

V I D E O S E R I E S

Summary of Kepler's Amazing Results:

- 1** Planets are diverse
- 2** On average there is at least one planet for each star in our Galaxy
- 3** Planets about the size of the Earth are the most common
- 4** Planets about the size of the Earth that orbit in the Habitable Zone of their stars are common.

Exploring a Galaxy of Worlds While Inspiring our Own

Introducing Baby Kepler! (Cloutier)



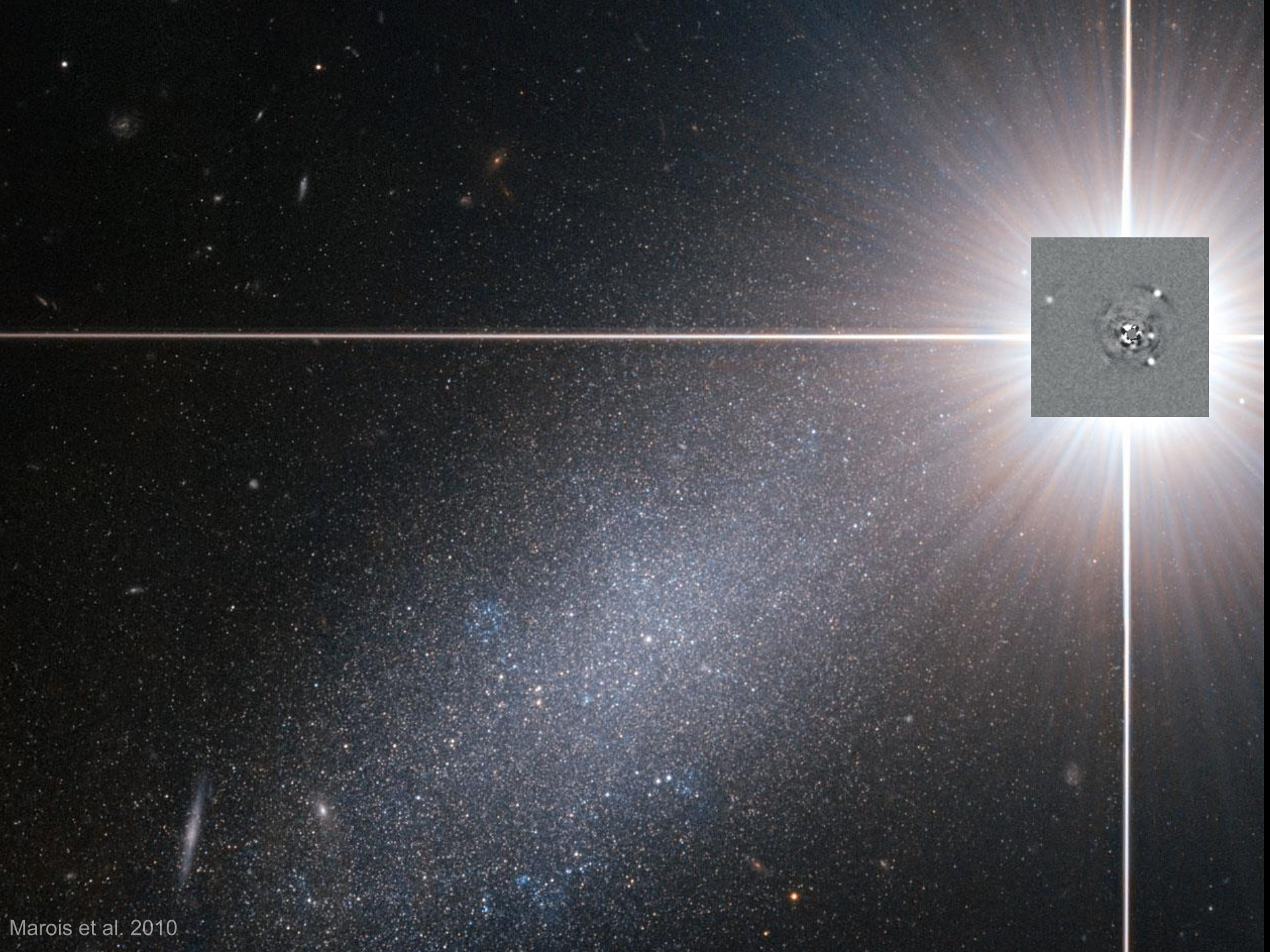
Show Me the Planets!
You had me at Habitable



DOB 2/6/16. Age on Earth: (1), Kepler 16b: (1.5), Proxima b (33), Trappist-1b (243)

After meeting the Cloutier family at the Pasadena Astronomy Festival in October 2016, ExoComm brought the family to tour JPL with ExEP Program Manager Gary Blackwood and Steve Howell of Ames on January 17, 2017. A story will follow to be published on the exoplanets.nasa.gov website soon



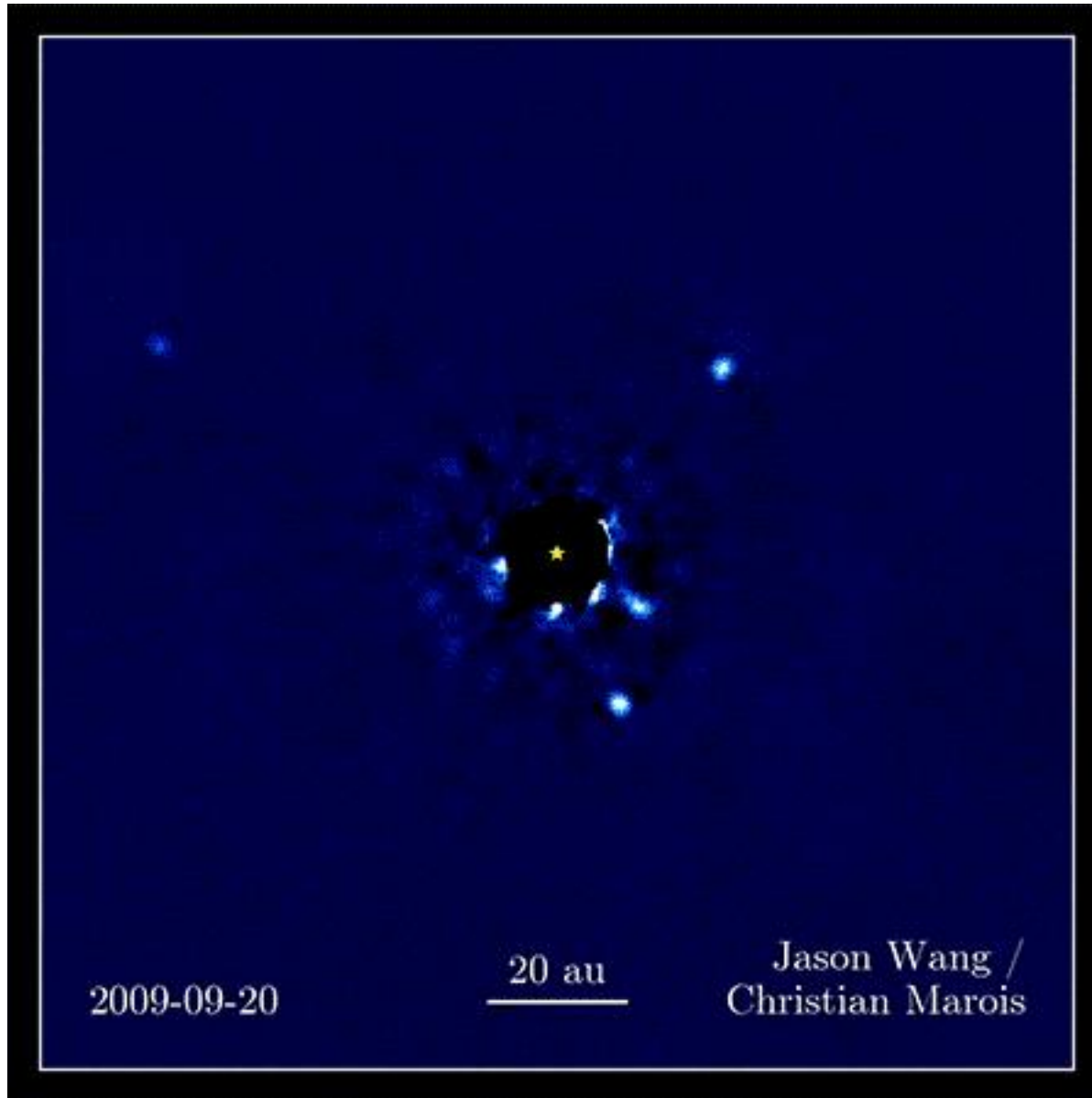


Orbital Motion of Four Giant Planets around HR 8799

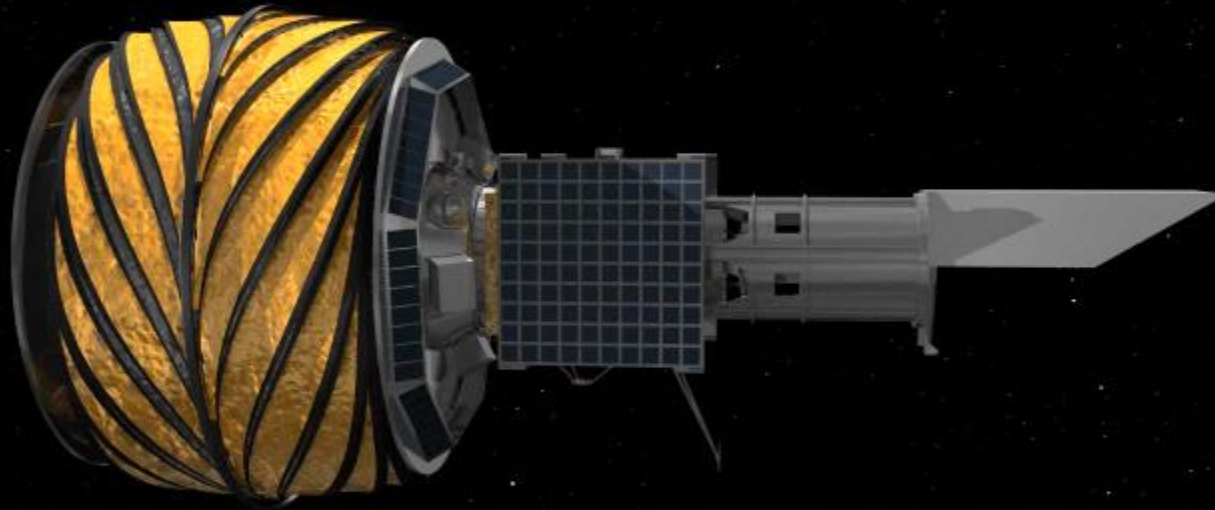
Directly Imaged and Remarkable



ExoPlanet Exploration Program



1. Starshade Animation





± 3.3 ft lateral control

separation distance
18,650 – 31,100 mi

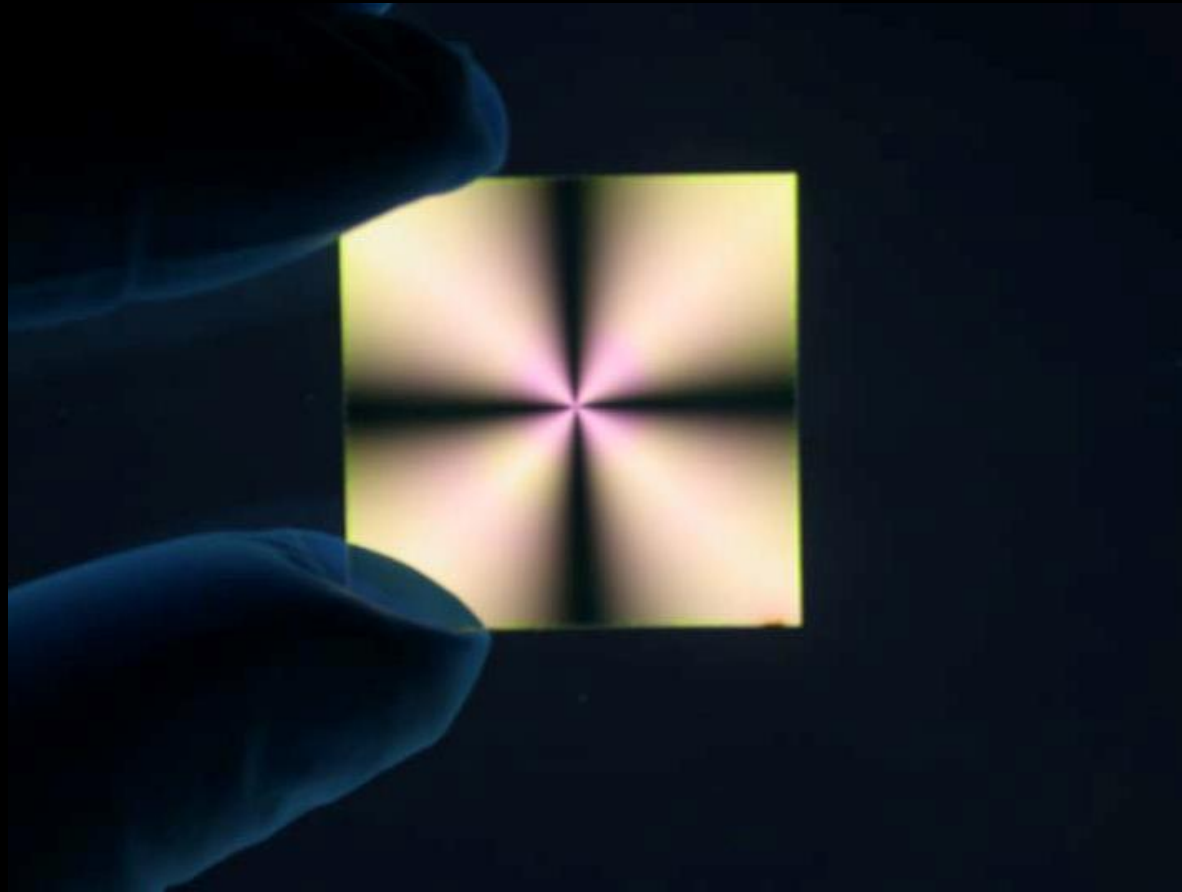


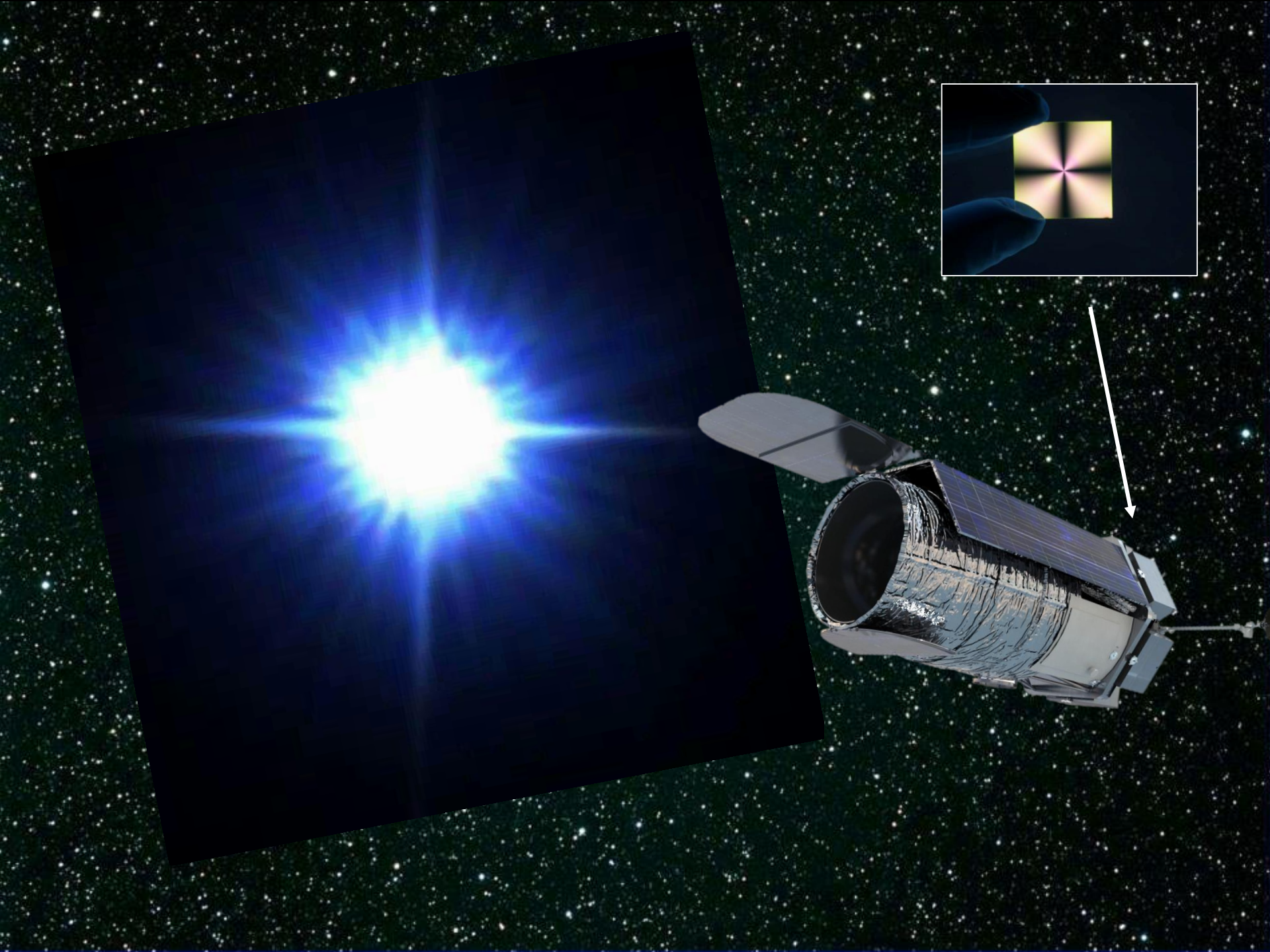
starshade
diameter 111 ft





The Coronagraph



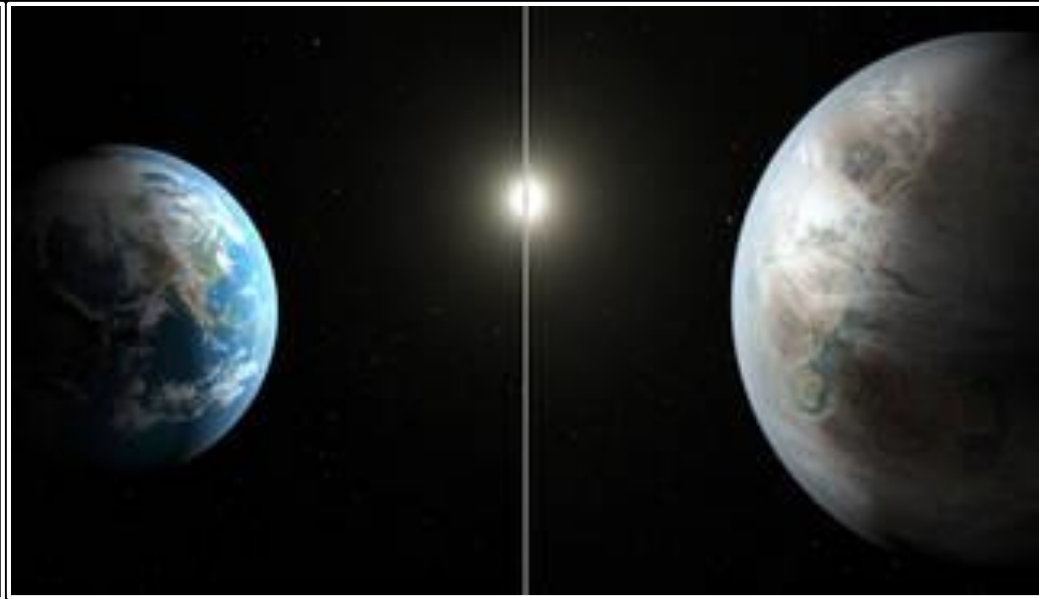
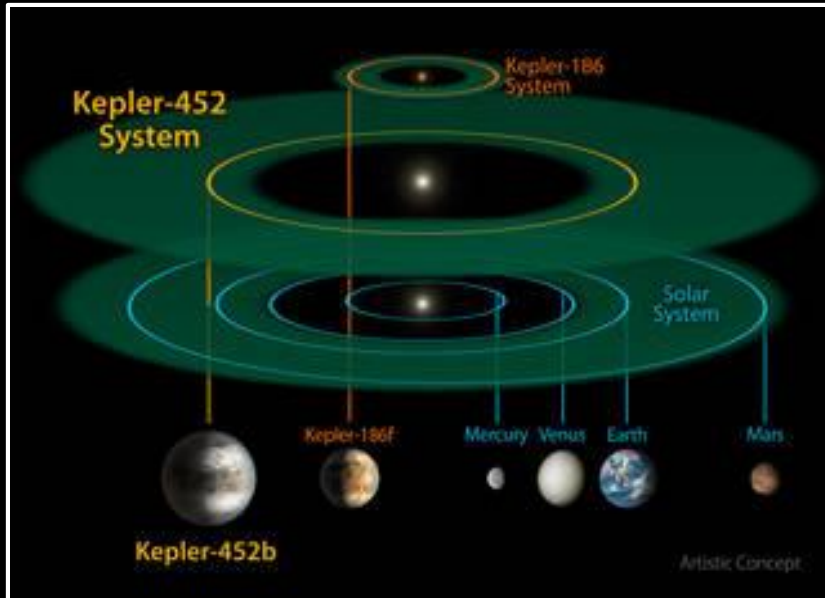


2. Coronagraph Animation



2. What are Exoplanets Like?

Kepler 452 b: Earth's Bigger, Older Cousin



\$2.00

THE EARTH'S NEW NEIGHBOR

JULY 24 - 26, 2015

Earth
7926 miles

WHERE IS THE PLANET?
1,400 light-years away, or 8.4 quadrillion miles, in the constellation Cygnus. It is circling Kepler-452, a G-class star similar to our sun.

452b
12,040 MILES

USA TODAY WEEKEND
A GANNETT COMPANY

HOW BIG?
Kepler-452b is roughly 60% larger than Earth.

EARTH TO 452b

New planet found outside our solar system could harbor life

41,500 VA HEALTH POSITIONS UNFILLED
Lack of medical

NEWSLINE

IN NEWS

Chemo doesn't help end-stage cancer, study says
Quality of life actually made worse for some.

Angry Greeks say #BoycottGermany
Germany took lead in demanding tough bailout terms.

Travis Wadman
Special to USA TODAY

Scientists have spotted a planet much the same size as our Earth orbiting a star that closely resembles our sun, making it the most likely known place outside our solar system to harbor life.

probably rocky, as Earth is. But those planets circle dim, cool stars very different from our sun, whereas 452b is hitched to a star very much like ours. Two could seed plants to life, Jenkins said, they could comfortably photosynthesize.

The new planet is about 60% bigger in diameter than Earth, of light coming from stars in the constellations Igru and Cygnus. The planet, which is some 14,000 light-years from Earth, is described in a new article in *The Astronomical Journal*.

Other scientists who were not involved in the research called 452b an exciting example of a planet in the "Goldilocks"

Kepler's Small Habitable Zone Planets

As of July 2015

Planets enlarged 25x compared to stars

G Stars



Kepler-452b (Earth)

K Stars

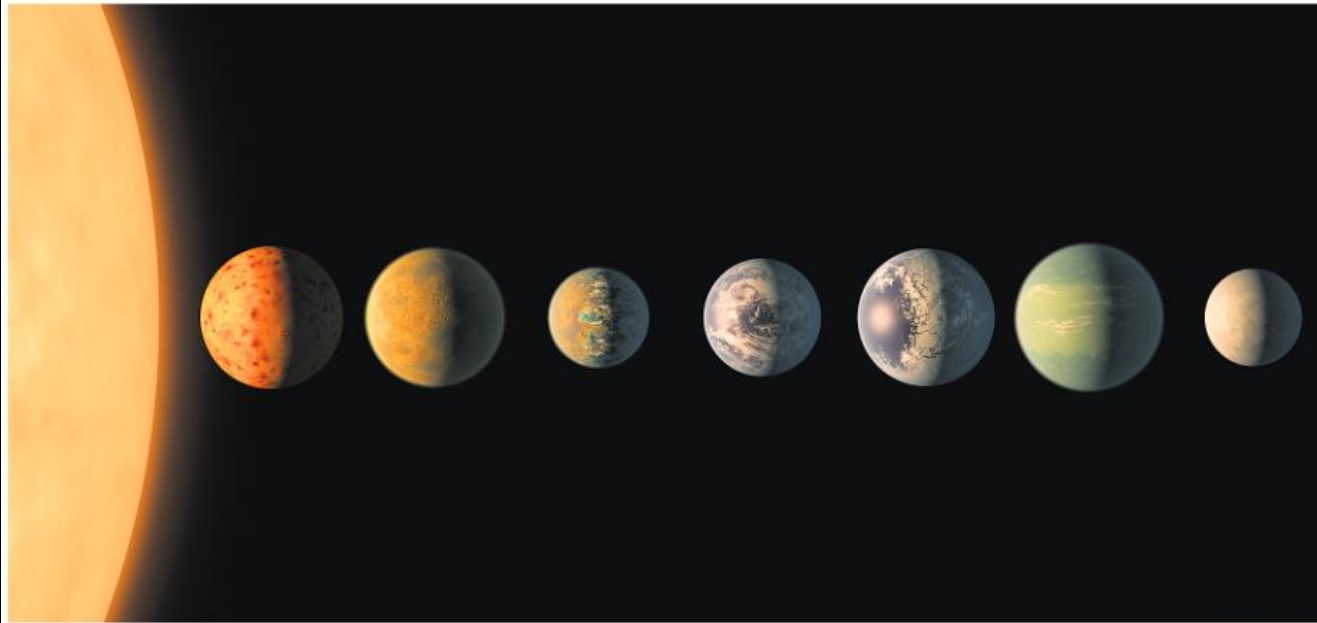


Kepler-442b 155c 235e 62f 62e 283c 440b

M Stars



Kepler-438b 186f 296e 296f



JPL-CALTECH/NASA

A rendering of newly discovered Earth-size planets orbiting a dwarf star named Trappist-1 about 40 light-years from Earth. Some of them could have surface water.

Circling a Star Not Far Away, 7 Shots at Life

By KENNETH CHANG

Not just one, but seven Earth-size planets that could potentially harbor life have been identified orbiting a tiny star not too far away, offering the first realistic opportunity to search for signs of alien life outside the solar system.

The planets orbit a dwarf star named Trappist-1, about 40 light-years, or 235 trillion miles, from Earth. That is quite close in cosmic terms, and by happy accident, the orientation of the orbits of the seven planets allows them to be studied in great detail.

Uber's Culture Of Gutsiness Under Review

By MIKE ISAAC

SAN FRANCISCO — When new employees join Uber, they are asked to subscribe to 14 core company values, including making bold bets, being "obsessed" with the customer, and "always be hustlin'." The ride-hailing service particularly emphasizes "meritocracy," the idea that the best and brightest will rise to the top based on their efforts, even if it means stepping on toes to get there.

Those values have helped propel Uber to one of Silicon Valley's biggest success stories. The com-

Migrants Hide, Fearing Capture on 'Any Corner'

By VIVIAN YEE

No going to church, no going to the store. No doctor's appointments for some, no school for others. No driving, period — not when a broken taillight could deliver the driver to Immigration and Customs Enforcement.

It is happening in the Central Valley of California, where undocumented immigrants pick the fields for survival wages but are keeping their children home from school; on Staten Island, where fewer day laborers haunt street corners in search of work; in West

IMMIGRATION A police department worries a crackdown will harm work to fight gangs. PAGE A11

MEXICO The secretary of state pays a visit at a time of rising tensions. PAGE A15

Phoenix's Isaac School District, where 13 Latino students have dropped out in the past two weeks; and in the horse country of northern New Jersey, where one of the many undocumented groomers who muck out the stables is thinking of moving back to Hon-

duras.

If deportation has always been a threat on paper for the 11 million people living in the country illegally, it rarely imperiled those who did not commit serious crimes. But with the Trump administration intent on curbing illegal immigration — two memos outlining the federal government's plans to accelerate deportations were released Tuesday, another step toward making good on one of President Trump's signature campaign pledges — that threat, for many people, has now begun to distort every movement.

Continued on Page A14

TRUMP RESCINDS OBAMA DIRECTIVE ON BATHROOM USE

ENTERING CULTURE WARS

Question of Transgender Rights Splits DeVos and Sessions

This article is by Jeremy W. Peters, Jo Becker and Julie Hirschfeld Davis.

WASHINGTON — President Trump on Wednesday rescinded protections for transgender students that had allowed them to use bathrooms corresponding with their gender identity, overruling his own education secretary and placing his administration firmly in the middle of the culture wars that many Republicans have tried to leave behind.

In a joint letter, the top civil rights officials from the Justice Department and the Education Department rejected the Obama administration's position that nondiscrimination laws require schools to allow transgender students to use the bathrooms of their choice.

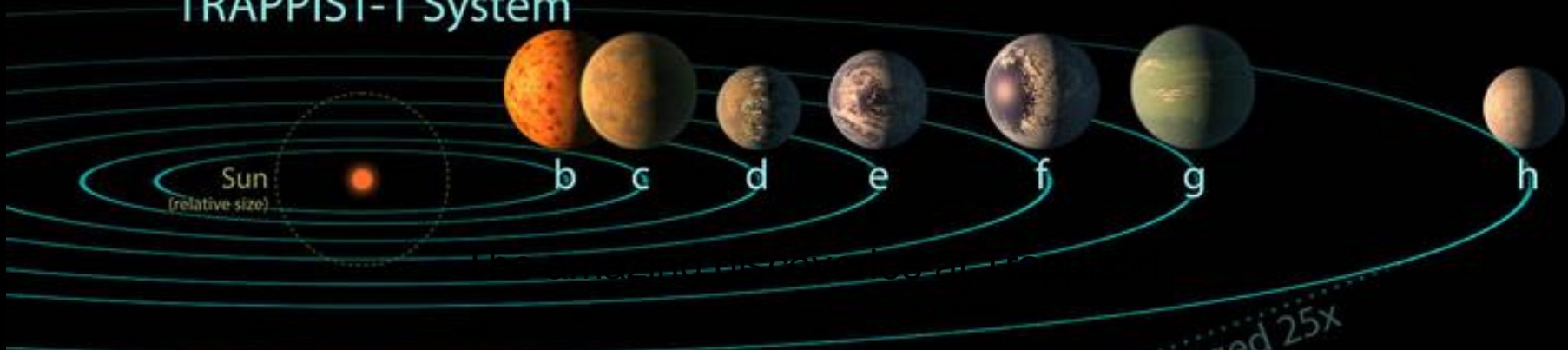
That directive, they said, was improperly and arbitrarily devised, "without due regard for the primary role of the states and local school districts in establishing educational policy."

The question of how to address the "bathroom debate," as it has become known, opened a rift inside the Trump administration, pitting Education Secretary Betsy DeVos against Attorney General Jeff Sessions. Mr. Sessions, who had been expected to move quickly to roll back the civil rights expansions put in place under his Democratic predecessors, wanted to act decisively because of two pending court cases that could have upheld the protections and

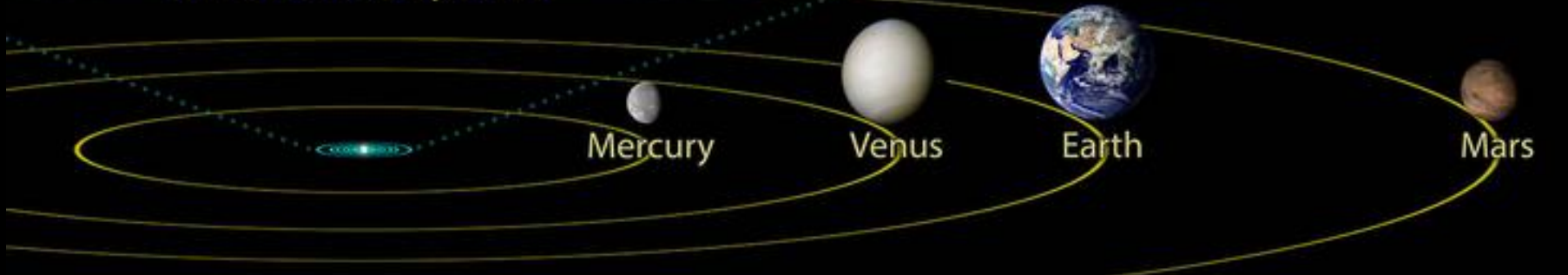
The amazing discoveries at Trappist-1

Planet depictions are artist's concepts

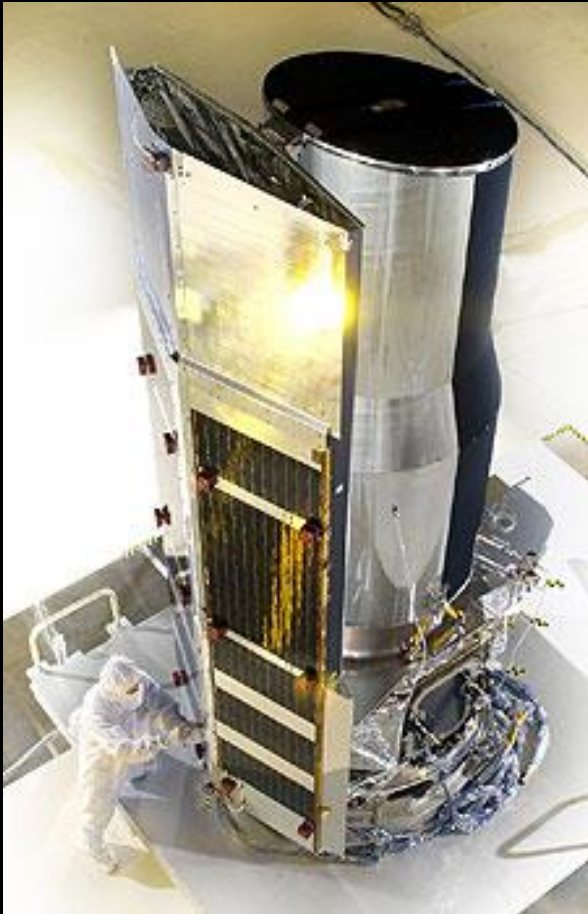
TRAPPIST-1 System



Inner Solar System

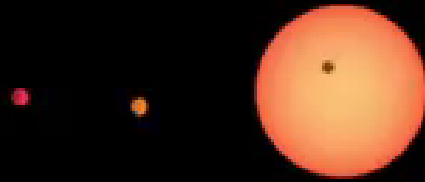


Spitzer: Discovery machine for the Trappist-1 planetary system



- 33.4 inch diameter **infrared** telescope
- Instrumented with 2 cameras and 1 spectrograph
- Launched August 2003
- Conducted broad science program in all areas of astrophysics, most observing time for the general community
- In 2005 **made first-ever detection of light emitted by an exoplanet**
- Operated at -449° Fahrenheit until 2009 when liquid helium was exhausted
- Since 2009 has operated “warm” at -388° F
- Mission development & operations led by JPL

How Spitzer Observed the Trappist-1 System



TRAPPIST-1 System



	b	c	d	e	f	g	h
Orbital Period <i>days</i>	1.51 <i>days</i>	2.42 <i>days</i>	4.05 <i>days</i>	6.10 <i>days</i>	9.21 <i>days</i>	12.35 <i>days</i>	~20 <i>days</i>
Distance to Star <i>Astronomical Units (AU)</i>	0.011 <i>AU</i>	0.015 <i>AU</i>	0.021 <i>AU</i>	0.028 <i>AU</i>	0.037 <i>AU</i>	0.045 <i>AU</i>	~0.06 <i>AU</i>
Planet Radius <i>relative to Earth</i>	1.09 R_{earth}	1.06 R_{earth}	0.77 R_{earth}	0.92 R_{earth}	1.04 R_{earth}	1.13 R_{earth}	0.76 R_{earth}
Planet Mass <i>relative to Earth</i>	0.85 M_{earth}	1.38 M_{earth}	0.41 M_{earth}	0.62 M_{earth}	0.68 M_{earth}	1.34 M_{earth}	—

Solar System
Rocky Planets



	Mercury	Venus	Earth	Mars
Orbital Period <i>days</i>	87.97 <i>days</i>	224.70 <i>days</i>	365.26 <i>days</i>	686.98 <i>days</i>
Distance to Star <i>Astronomical Units (AU)</i>	0.387 <i>AU</i>	0.723 <i>AU</i>	1.000 <i>AU</i>	1.524 <i>AU</i>
Planet Radius <i>relative to Earth</i>	0.38 R_{earth}	0.95 R_{earth}	1.00 R_{earth}	0.53 R_{earth}
Planet Mass <i>relative to Earth</i>	0.06 M_{earth}	0.82 M_{earth}	1.00 M_{earth}	0.11 M_{earth}

Key Takeaways from Trappist Discovery



- **Richest set of Earth-sized exoplanets ever found** orbiting a single star, with 3 in the habitable zone. Liquid H₂O possible
- Red dwarf stars, most common type of star, can host rich planetary systems. **More discoveries like this can be expected**, such as from the 2018 NASA TESS Explorer mission
- **Trappist exoplanets will be top targets for future observations** with the James Webb Space Telescope
 - Presence and composition of an atmosphere can be measured through infrared spectra taken during transit. But the observations will be difficult
- Most exoplanets do not transit their star. In general, **direct imaging remains essential for measuring atmospheres and possible biosignatures**

More of Kepler's Amazing Results:

1

Planets orbiting other stars in the Galaxy are common

2

Planets with sizes between $1/2$ and 2 times Earth are the most common

3

Planets with sizes between $1/2$ and 2 times Earth that orbit in the Habitable Zone of their stars are common

Are we alone?

3. Search for Habitability and for Signs of Life

Approach #3:

Probing the atmospheres
of exoplanets for gases
related to possible life



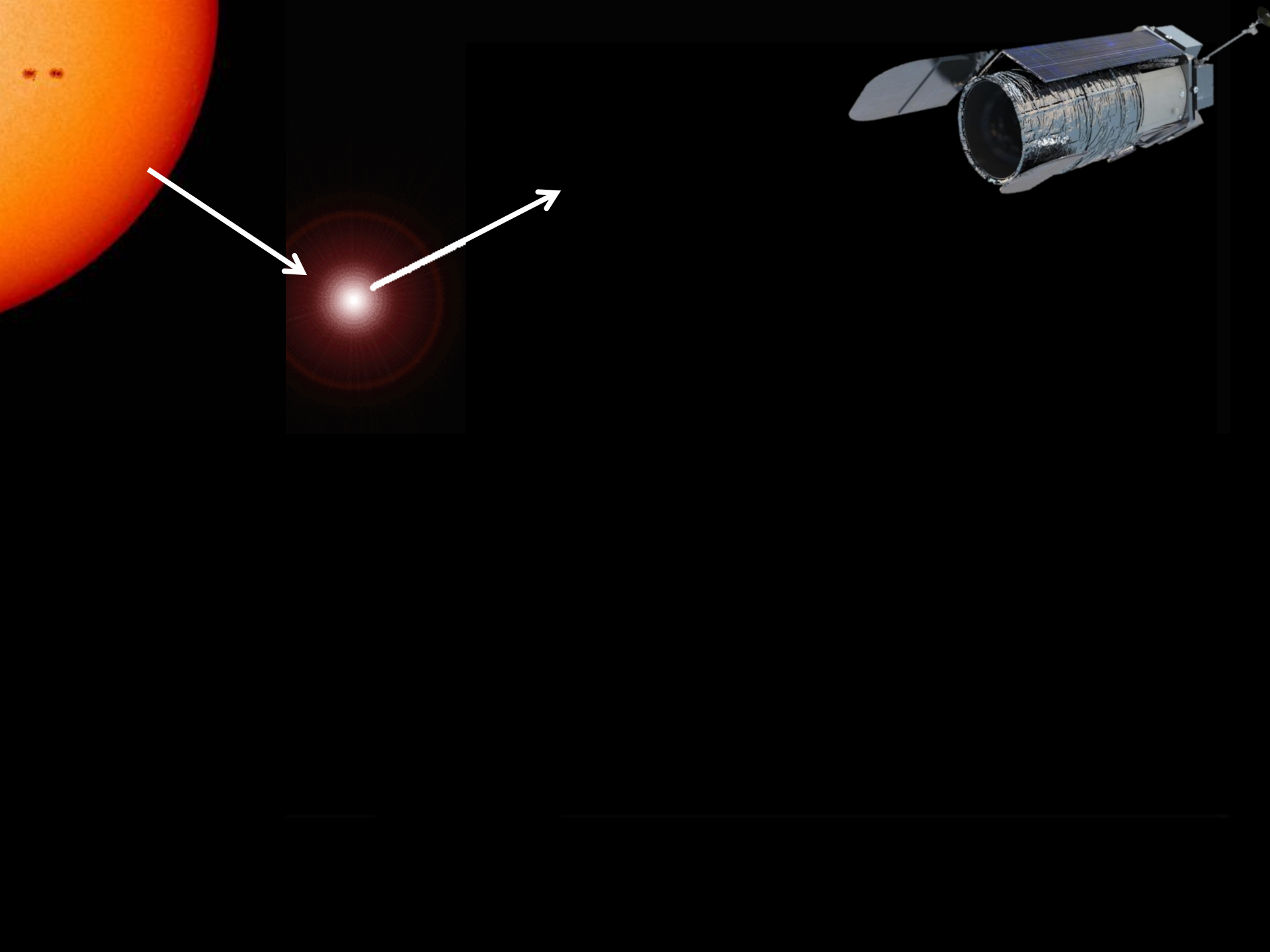
Oxygen

Water Vapor

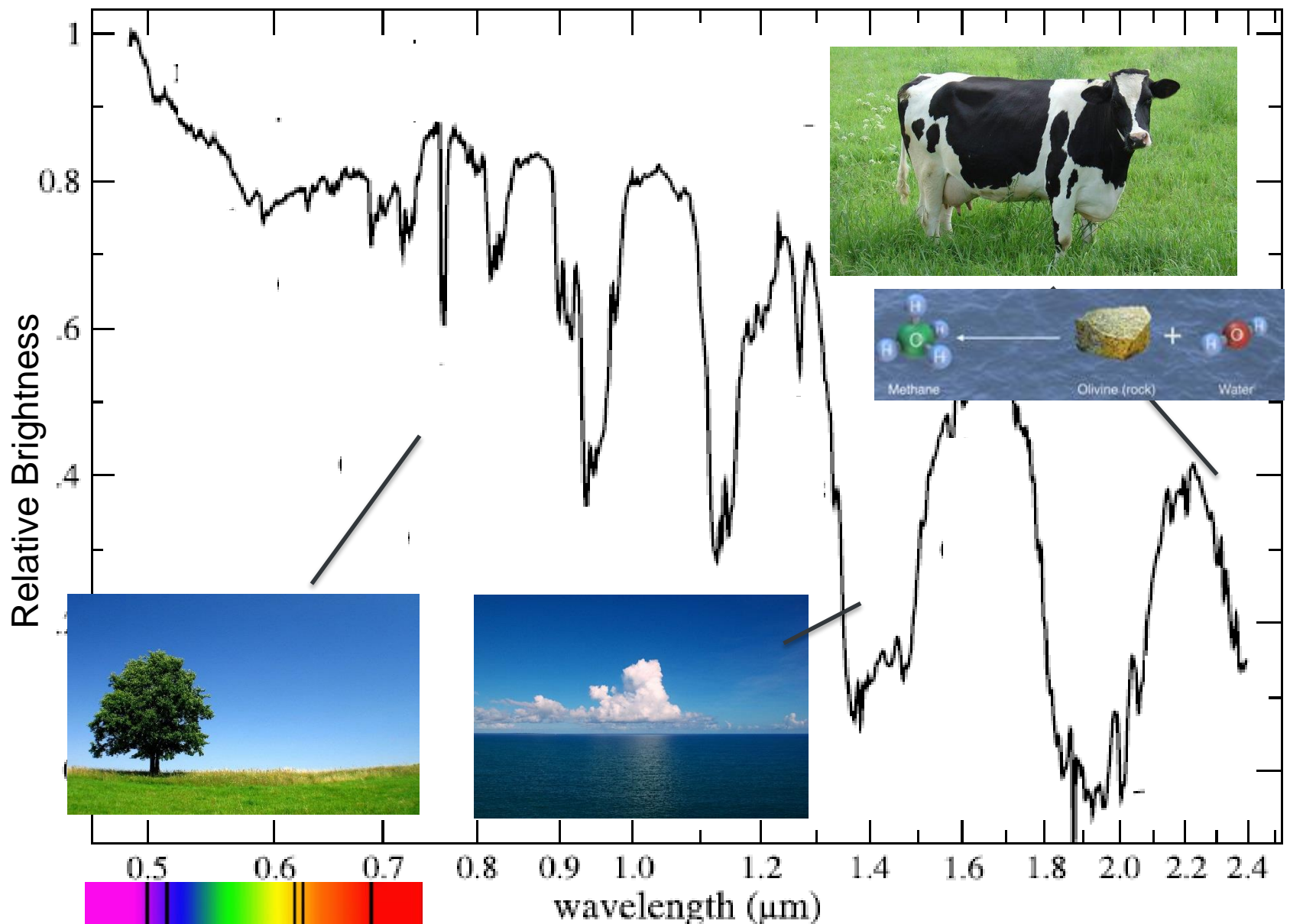


Methane



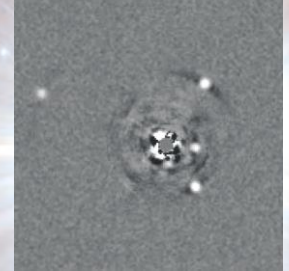


Detecting Life on an Exoplanet



Direct Imaging Exoplanets Challenge #1:

Contrast

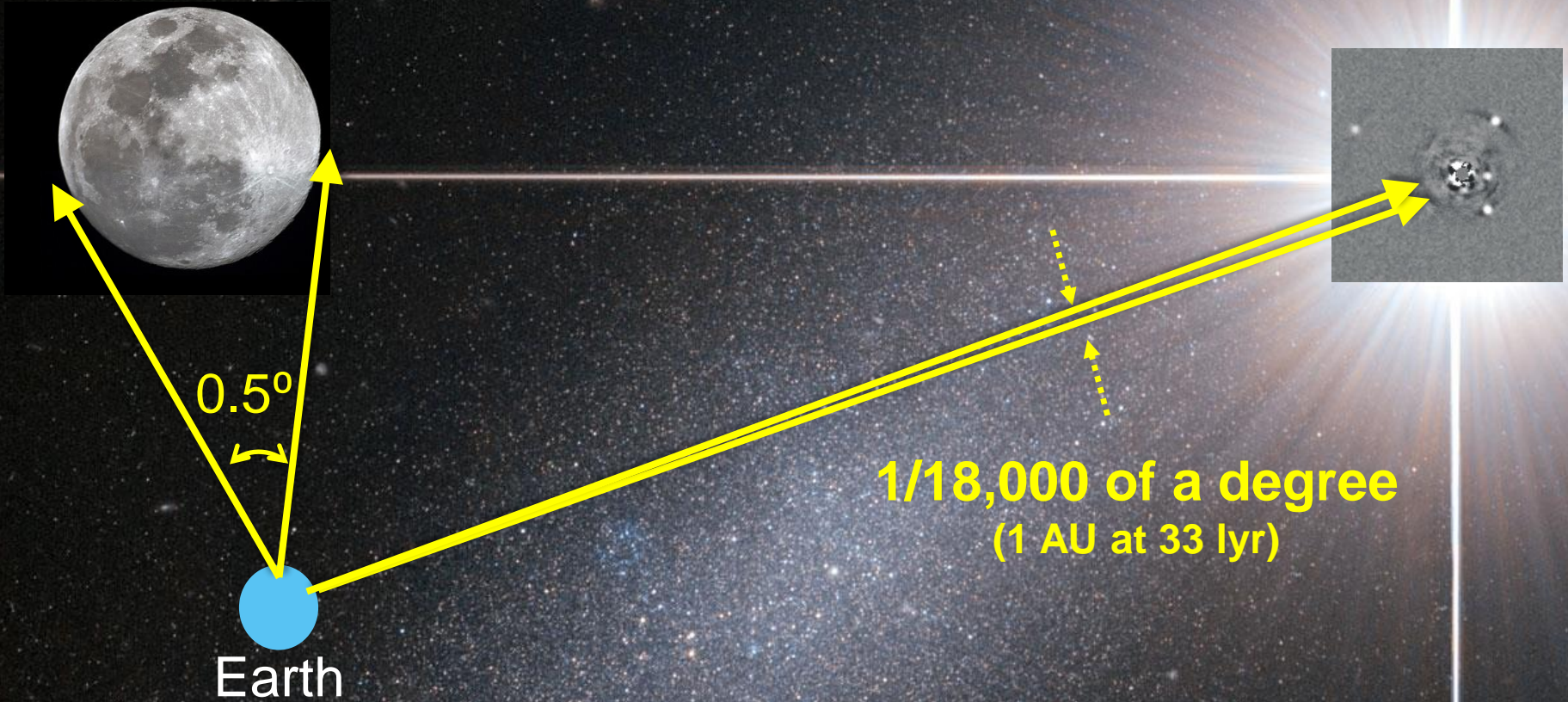


An Earth-size planet in the habitable zone of a Sun-like star is very faint

- 10 billion times fainter!

Direct Imaging Exoplanets Challenges #2:

Resolution





firefly





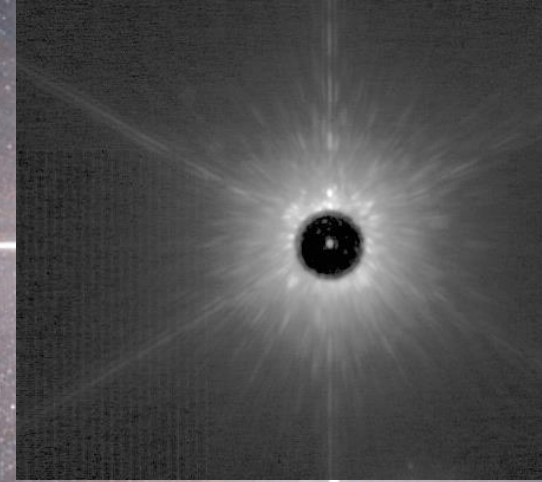
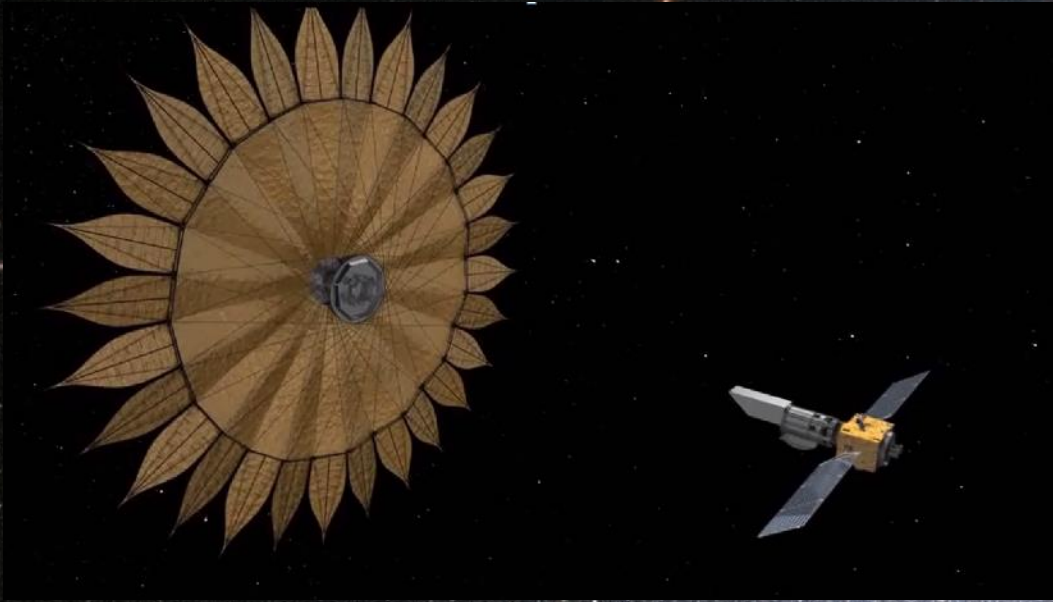


JPL



Two Direct Planet Imaging Techniques

1. Starshade

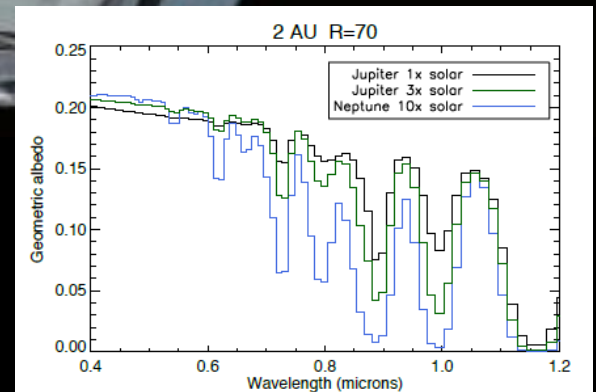
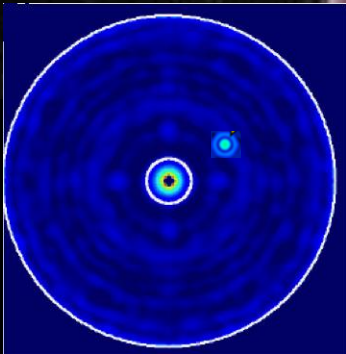
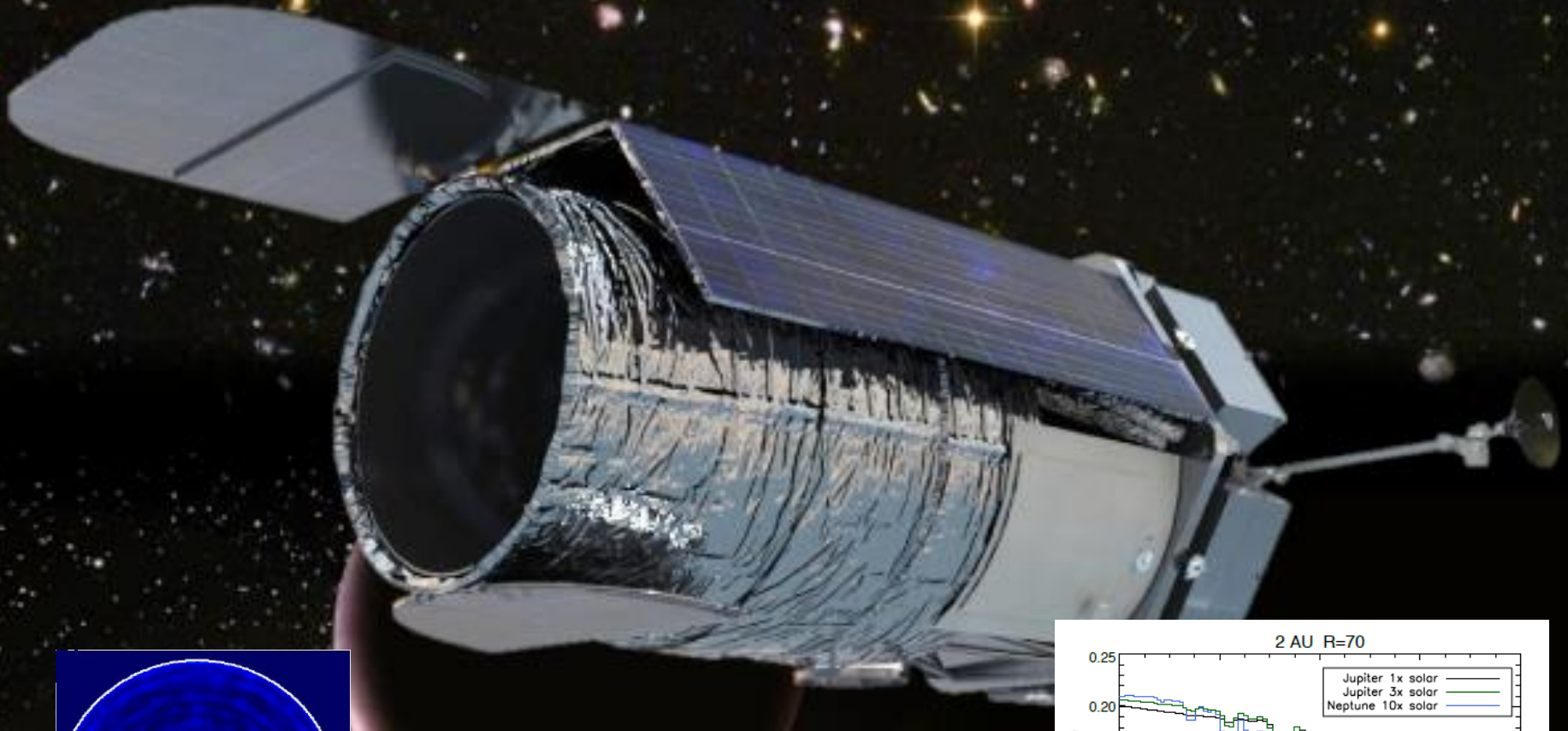


2. Coronagraphs

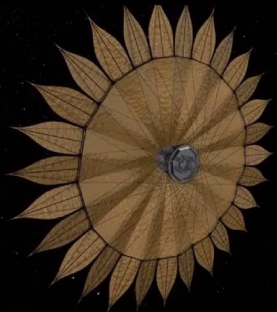


WFIRST

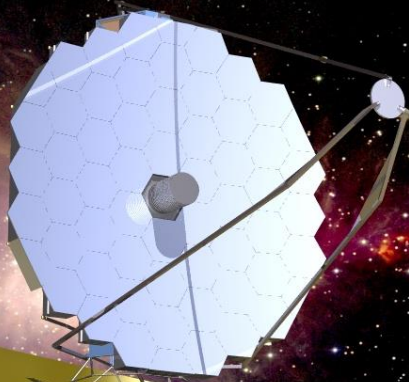
Dark Energy, IR Survey, Exoplanet Census, Imaging and Spectroscopy



Possibilities for the New Worlds Telescope (mid-2030s)

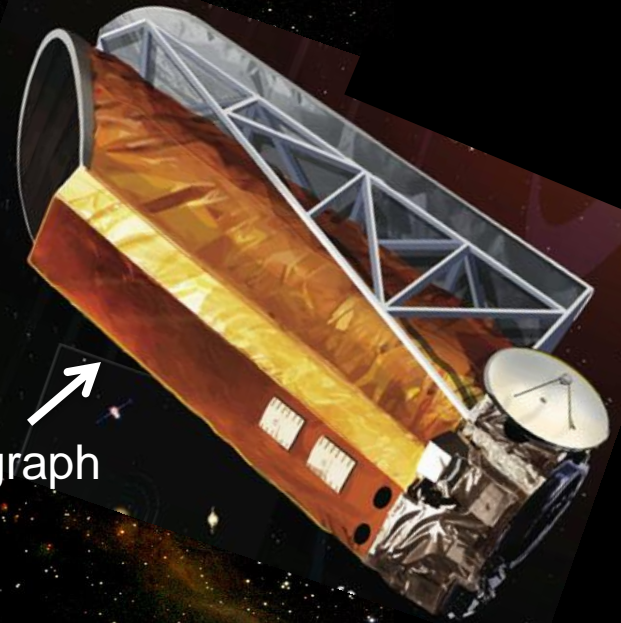


starshade



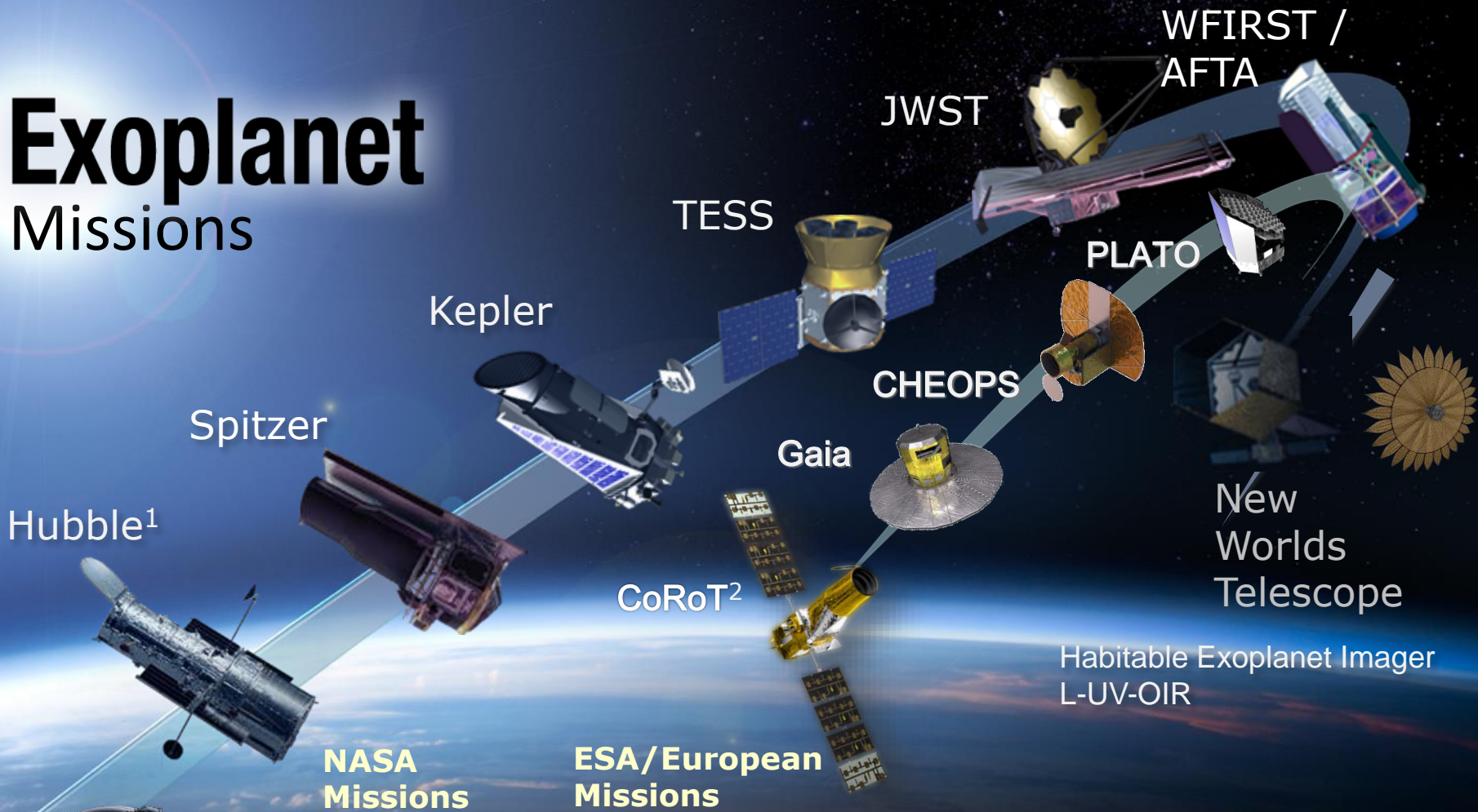
Large Ultra-Violet
Optical Infrared
Telescope (LUVOIR)

coronagraph



Habitable Exoplanet
Imaging Missions
(Hab-Ex)

Exoplanet Missions



Ground Observatories



Large Binocular Telescope Interferometer



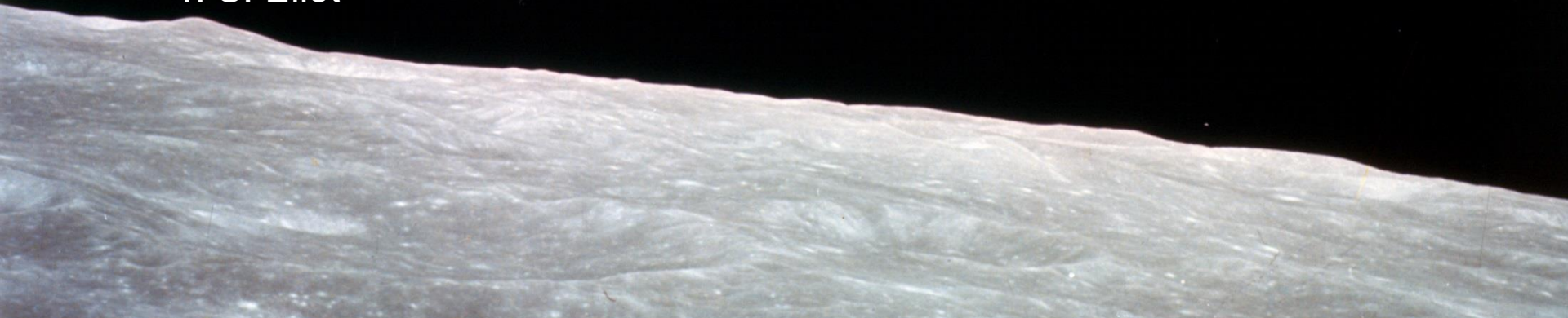
NN-EXPLORE


¹ NASA/ESA Partnership
² CNES/ESA

Coming Home...



We shall not cease from exploration, and the end of all our exploring will be to arrive where we started and know the place for the first time.
T. S. Eliot



A night sky with the Milky Way galaxy visible as a bright, hazy band of light. The sky is filled with numerous stars. In the foreground, the dark silhouette of a Joshua tree is visible on the left side, and the dark outlines of hills or mountains are visible along the bottom edge.

The galaxy is teeming with small exoplanets in the habitable zones of their stars

We now have the technology to study the atmospheres of nearby exoplanets

NASA scientists are actively designing the missions to look for signs of life on these worlds

“And on these other worlds, are there beings who wonder as we do?” Carl Sagan





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The National Aeronautics and Space Administration has also conducted work at:
NASA's Goddard Space Flight Center
NASA's Ames Research Center

Work has also been carried out under contract by:

Princeton University

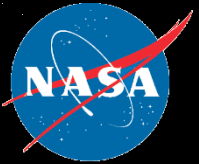
University of Arizona

Northrop Grumman Aerospace Systems

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Massachusetts Institute of Technology

Pennsylvania State University



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Benefits Stemming from Space Exploration

Backup Charts

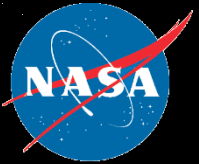


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Benefits Stemming from Space Exploration*

- Innovation
 - Advances in science and technology
 - Global technical workforce development
 - Enlarged economic sphere
- Culture and Inspiration
 - What is the nature of the Universe?
 - Is the destiny of humankind bound to Earth?
 - Are we and our planet unique?
 - Is there life elsewhere in the Universe?
- New means to address global challenges
 - Partnerships and capabilities developed
 - Worldwide endeavor with broad international interest



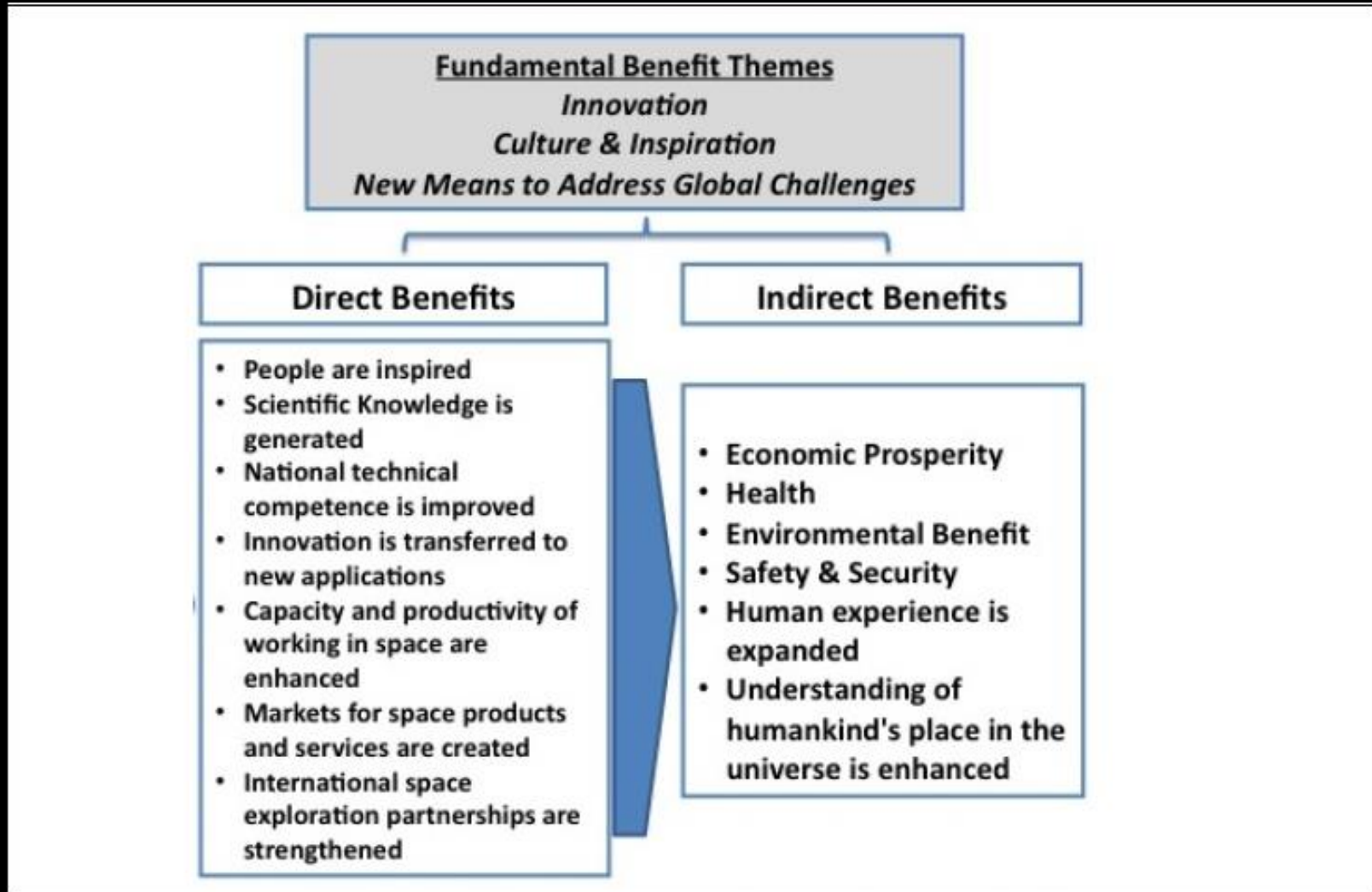
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Benefits Stemming from Space Exploration Backup Charts



Benefits Stemming from Space Exploration (Cont'd)





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Benefits Stemming from Space Exploration (Cont'd)

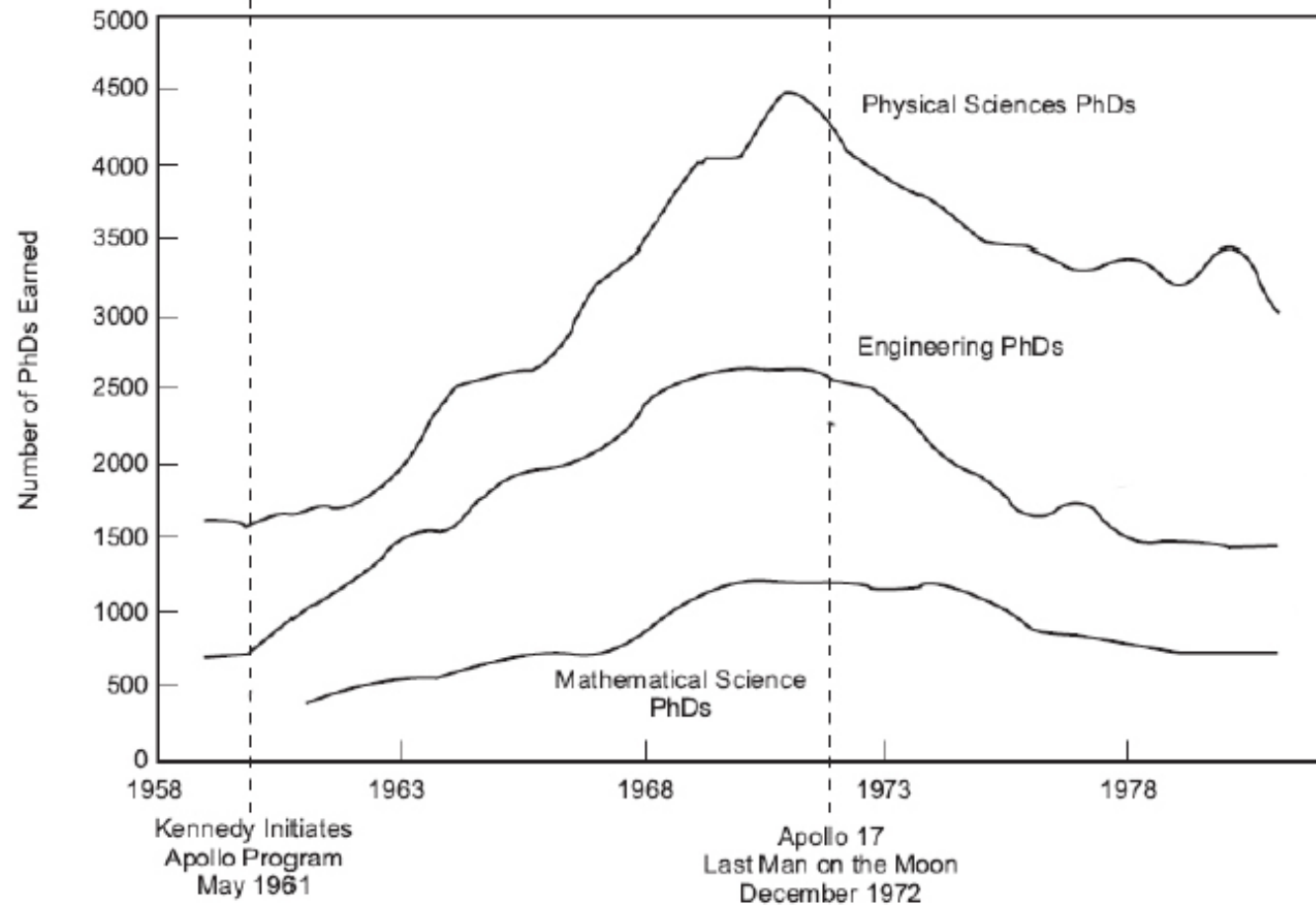
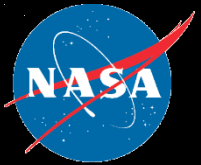


Figure 3. Space Exploration's Impact on Educational Achievement.¹⁶

¹⁶ Siegfried, W.H., "Space Colonization—Benefits for the World", Space Technology and Applications International Forum, 2003.

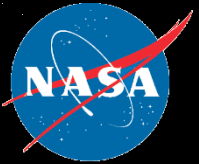


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Benefits Stemming from Space Exploration (Cont'd)

- Health and medicine:
 - Infrared ear thermometers
 - Ventricular assist device for patients awaiting heart transplants
 - Artificial limbs
 - Light-emitting diodes in medical therapies to treat tumors
 - Invisible braces
 - Scratch-resistant lenses
 - Space blankets

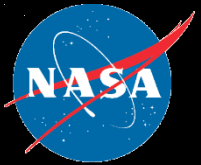


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Benefits Stemming from Space Exploration (Cont'd)

- Transportation:
 - Aircraft anti-icing systems
 - Highway safety and runways
 - Improved radial tires
 - Chemical detection of corrosive environments in atmospheres

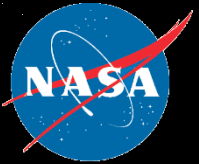


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Benefits Stemming from Space Exploration (Cont'd)

- Public safety
 - Video enhancing and analysis systems for surveillance
 - Fire-resistant reinforcement
 - Firefighting equipment
- Consumer, home, and recreation
 - Temper foam
 - Enriched baby food
 - Portable cordless vacuums
 - Freeze drying

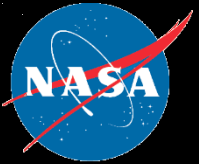


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Benefits Stemming from Space Exploration (Cont'd)

- Environmental and agricultural resources
 - Water purification
 - Solar cells
 - Pollution remediation
- Computer technology
 - Structural analysis software
 - Remotely controlled ovens
 - NASA Visualization Explorer
 - OpenStack cloud computing platform
 - Software catalog open to public at no charge



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Benefits Stemming from Space Exploration (Cont'd)

- Industrial productivity
 - Powdered lubricants
 - Improved mine safety
 - Food safety