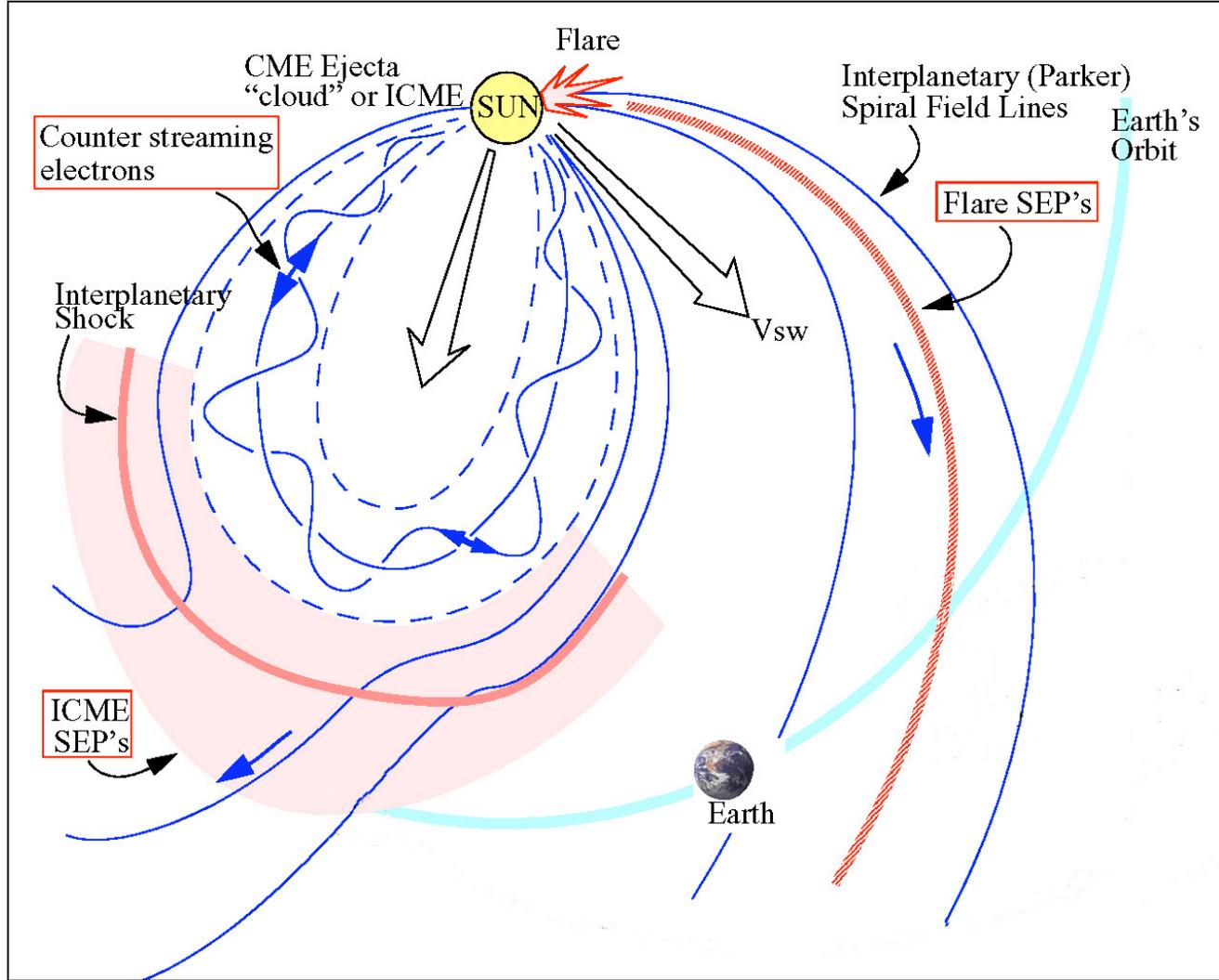


Energy Deposition
by Solar Energetic Particles
in the Upper Atmospheres of
Venus-like Extrasolar Planets

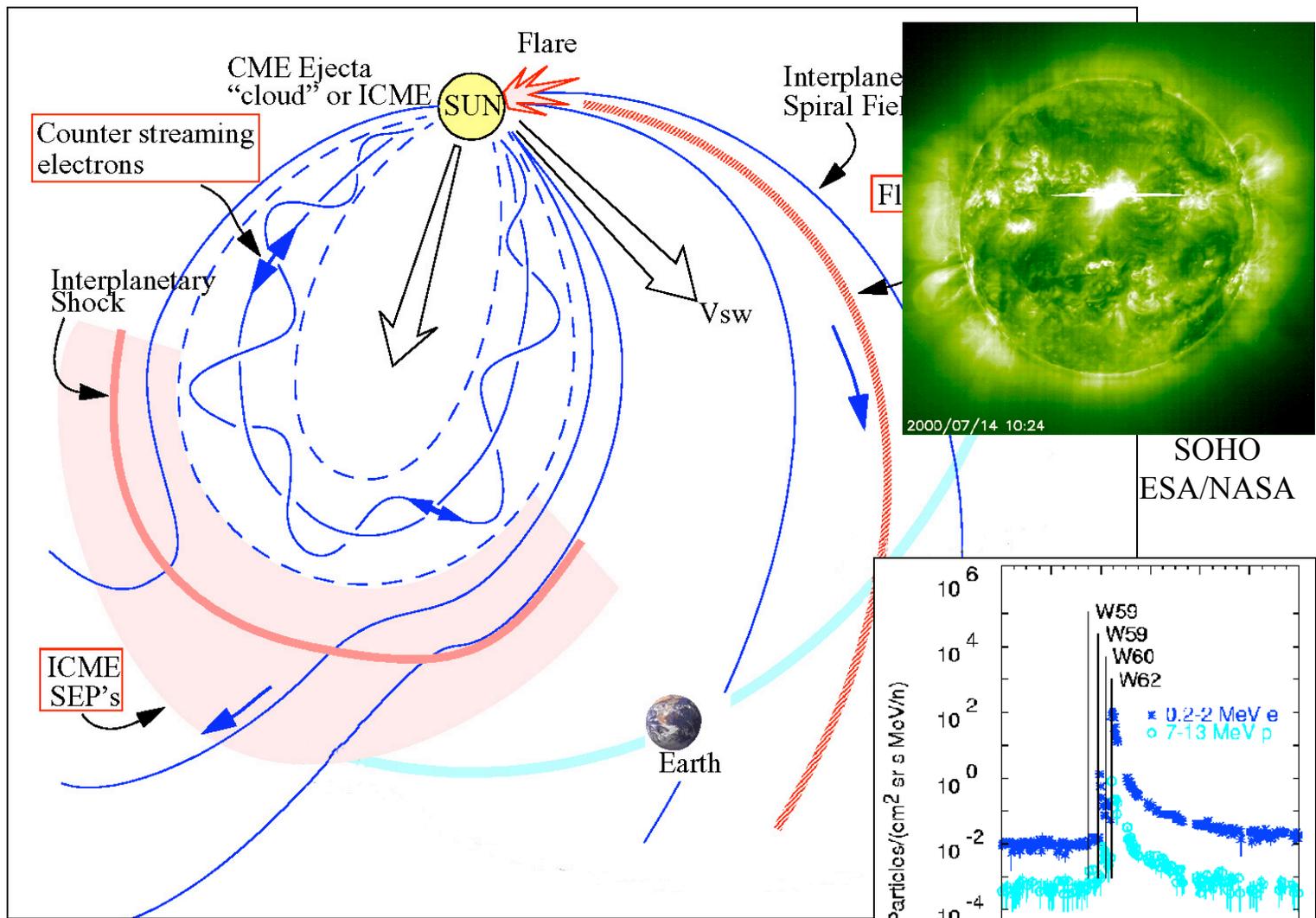
Dave Brain	<i>UC Berkeley</i>
R.A. Mewaldt, C.M. Cohen	<i>Caltech</i>
H. Lammer	<i>IWF, Graz</i>
S. Bougher	<i>U. Michigan</i>
J.G. Luhmann, G.T. Delory	<i>UC Berkeley</i>
F. Leblanc	<i>CNRS, Paris</i>

Solar Energetic Particle Events



Courtesy J. Luhmann & C. Lee

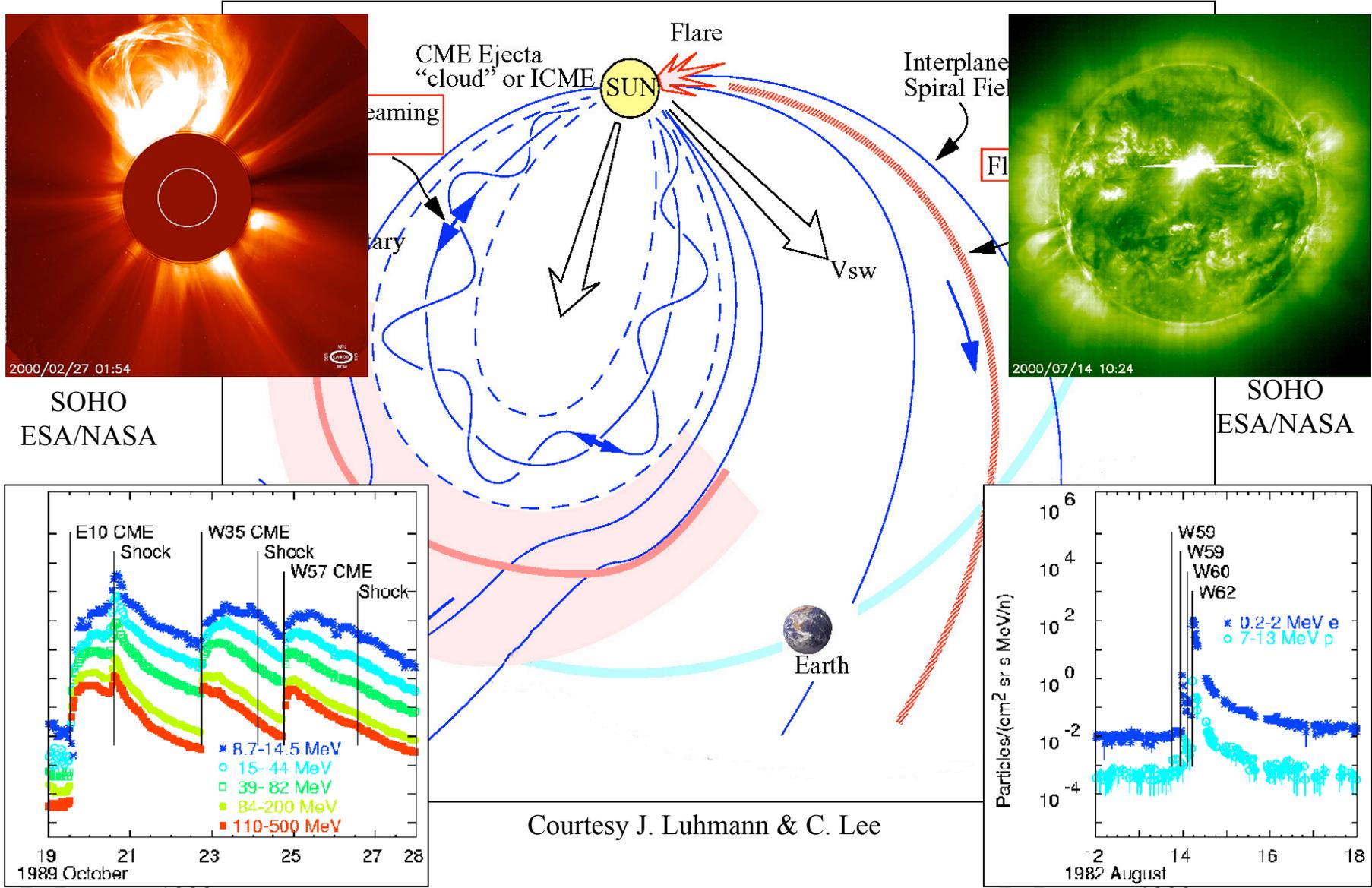
Solar Energetic Particle Events



Courtesy J. Luhmann & C. Lee

D. Reames, 1999

Solar Energetic Particle Events



SOHO
ESA/NASA

SOHO
ESA/NASA

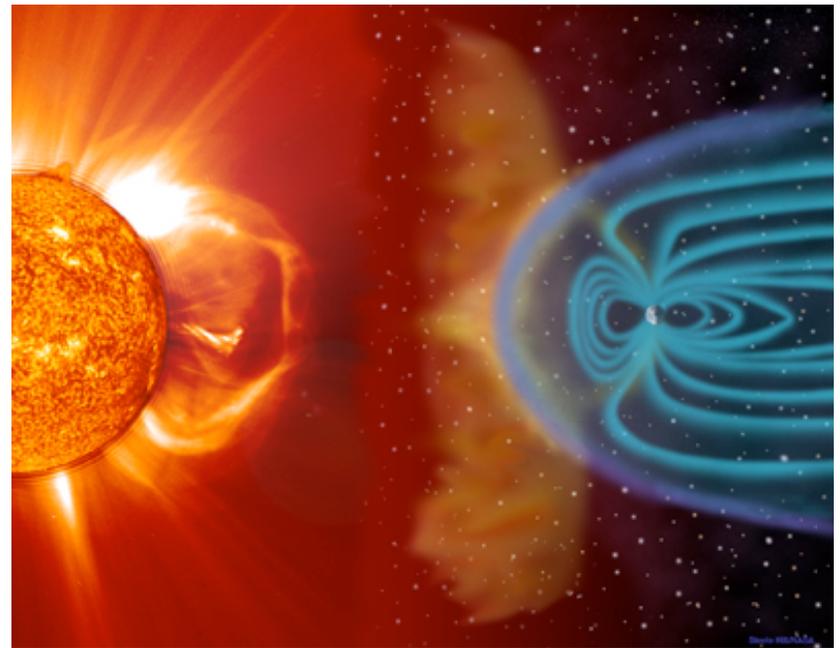
Courtesy J. Luhmann & C. Lee

D. Reames, 1999

D. Reames, 1999

SEP Effects at Planets

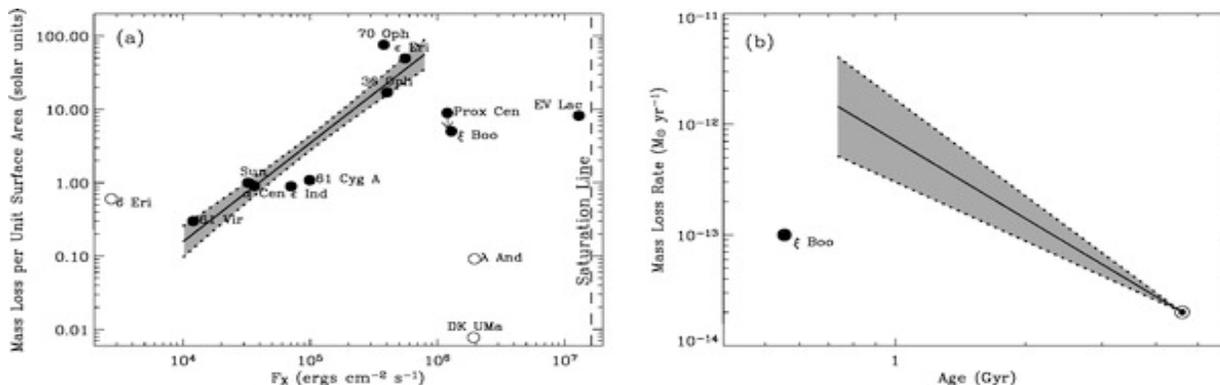
- Geomagnetic storms
- S/C anomalies and failures
- Disruption of surface systems
- Reduction in stratospheric ozone
- Large electric fields at the Moon
- Increased atmospheric ionization
- Thermospheric density reduction



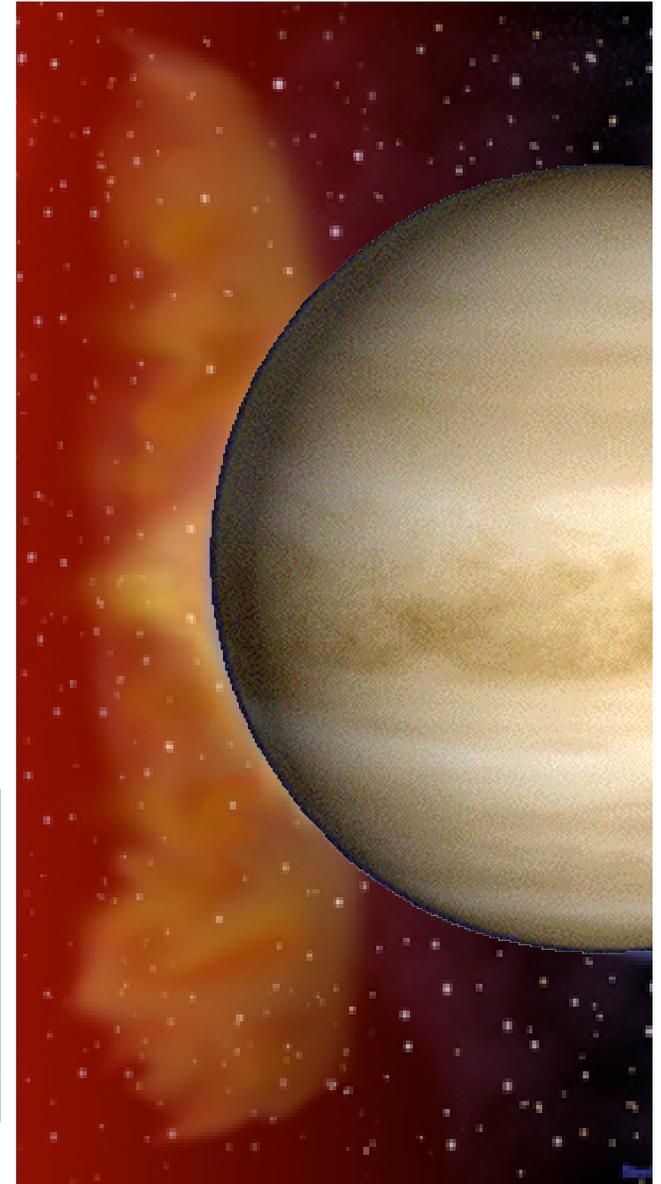
SEP Effects in Other Stellar Systems

- Unmagnetized planets particularly vulnerable
- SEP fluxes likely higher at more active stars
- One rocky ESP is close to its parent star
 - $v_{\text{esc}} > 2 v_{\text{esc}} \oplus$
 - could have thick atmosphere
 - unmagnetized or very compressed B
 - SEPs could heat atmosphere

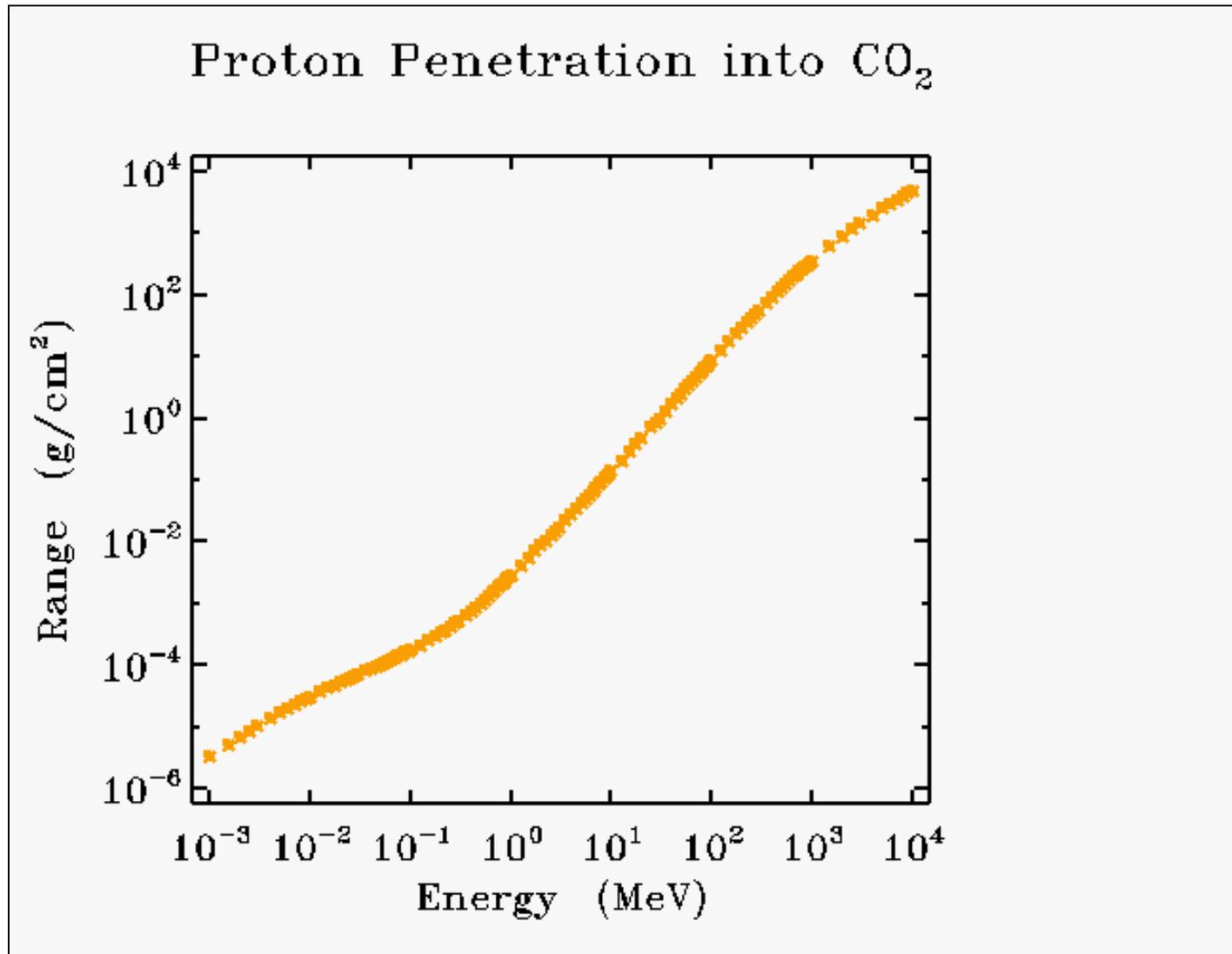
How much?



Wood et al., 2005

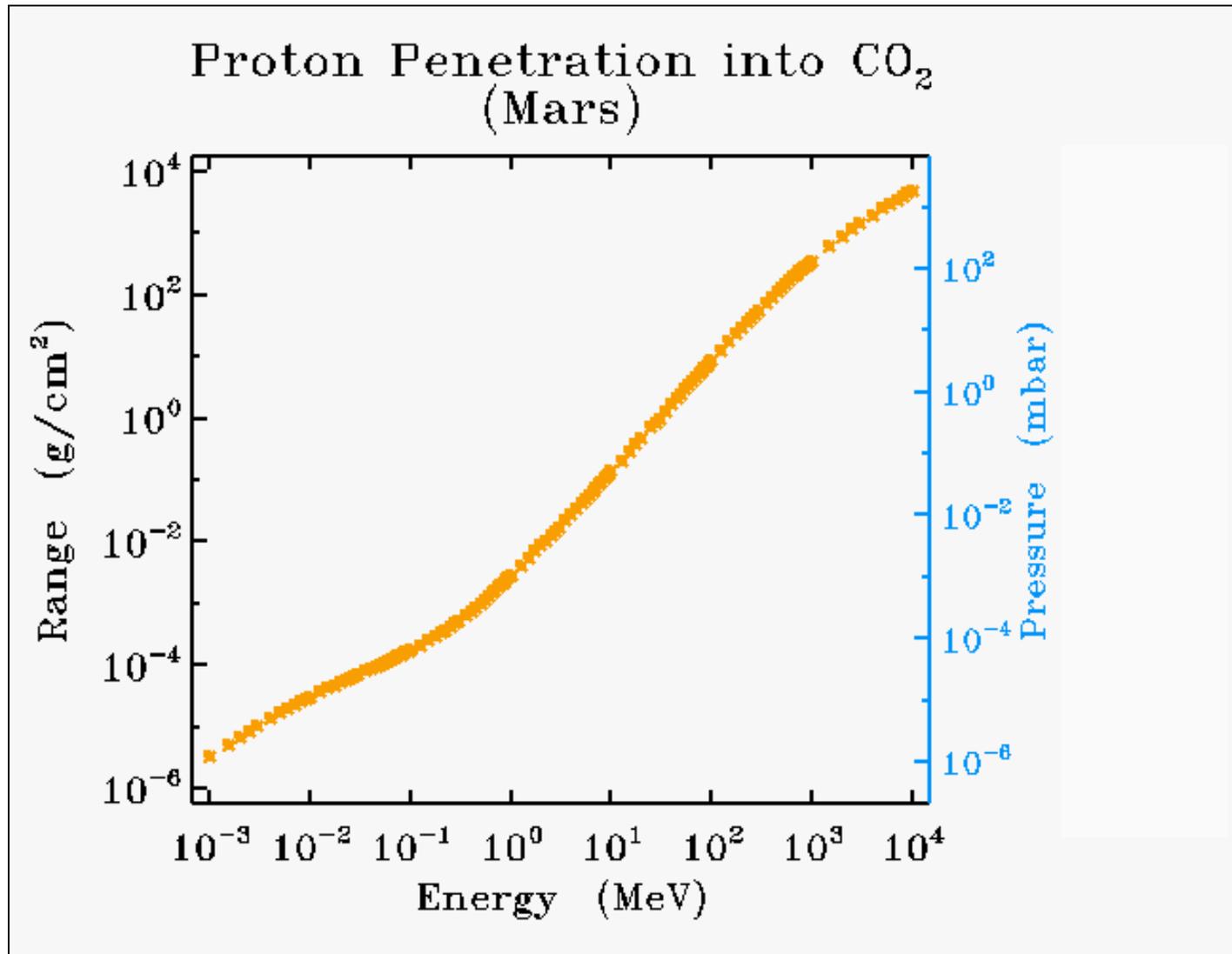


SEP Penetration Depth



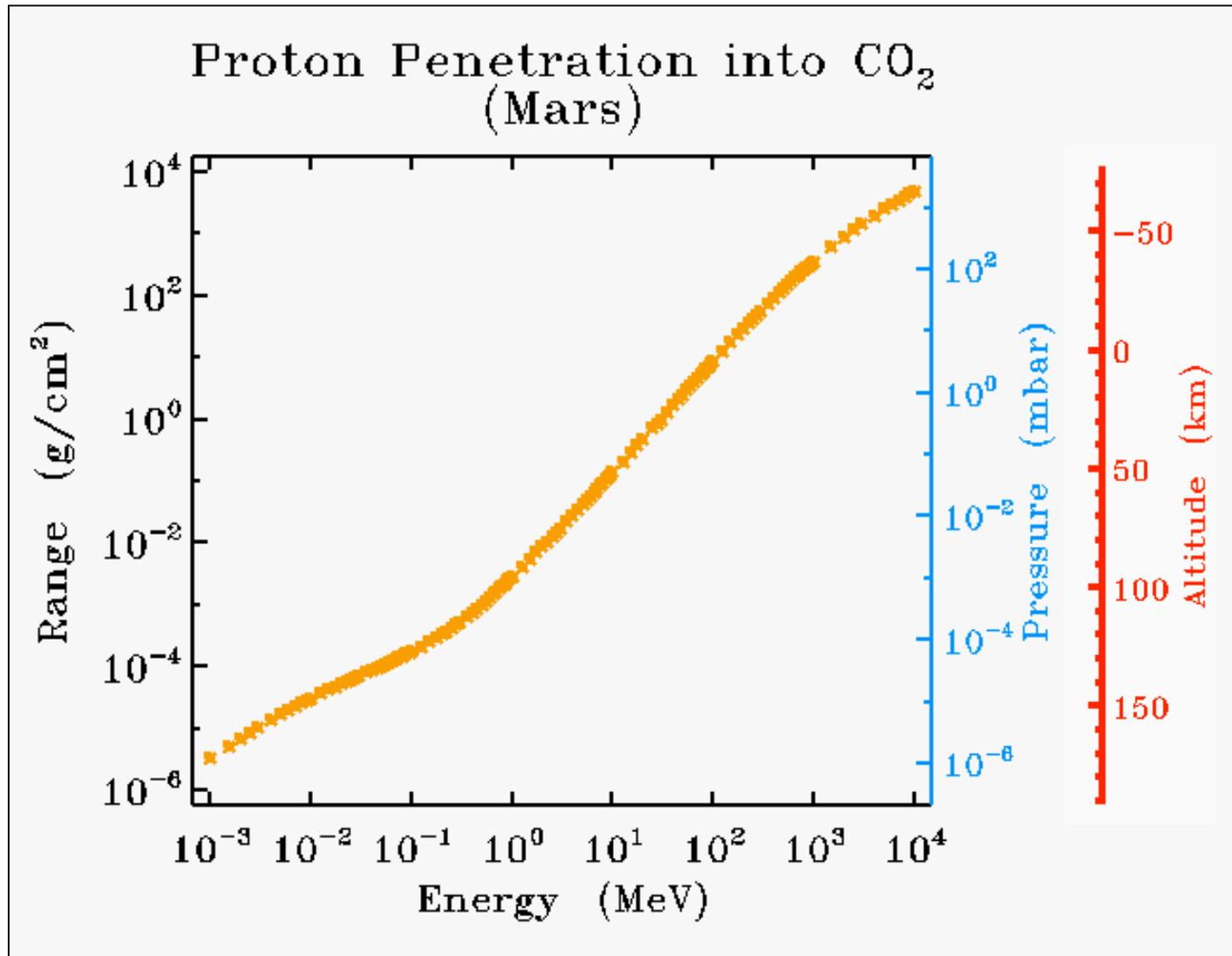
<http://physics.nist.gov/PhysRefData/Star/Text/contents.html>

SEP Penetration Depth



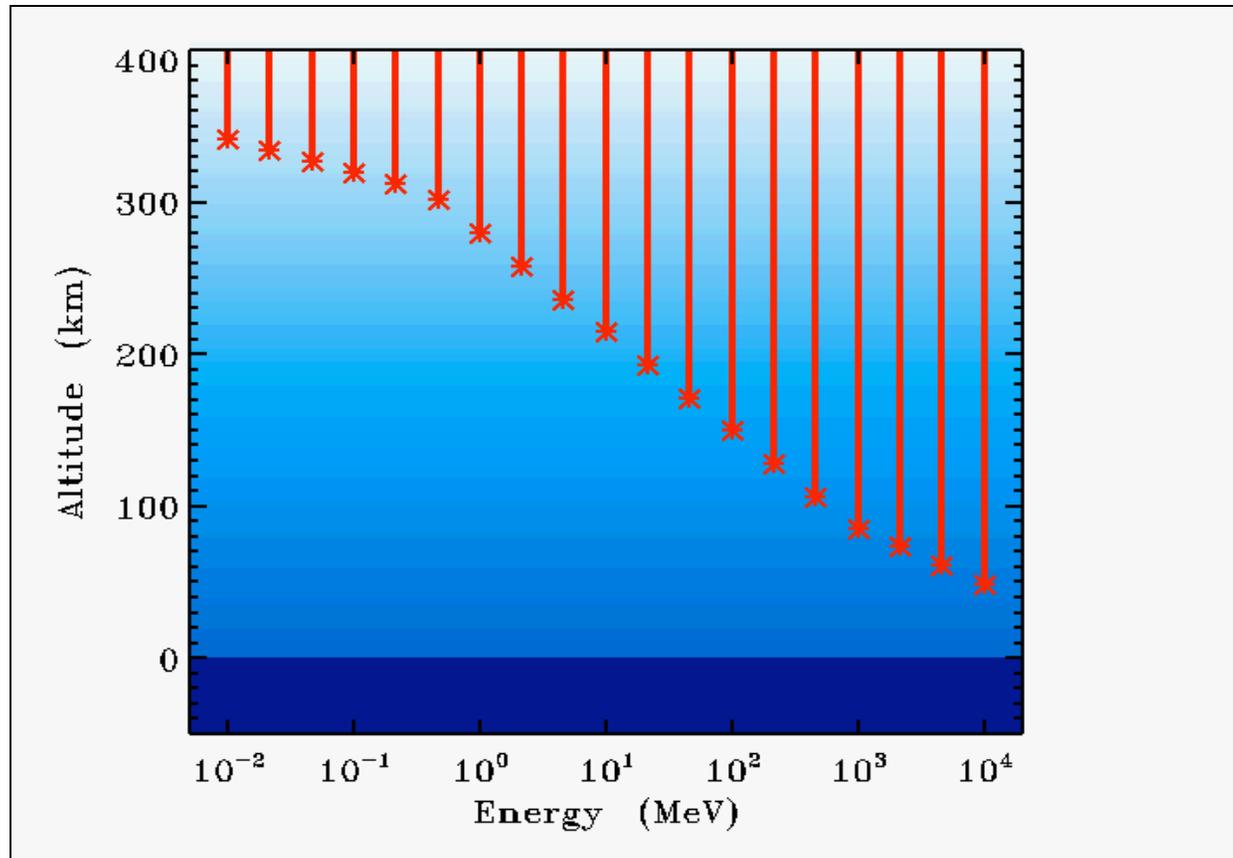
$g = 3.71 \text{ m/s}^2$

SEP Penetration Depth



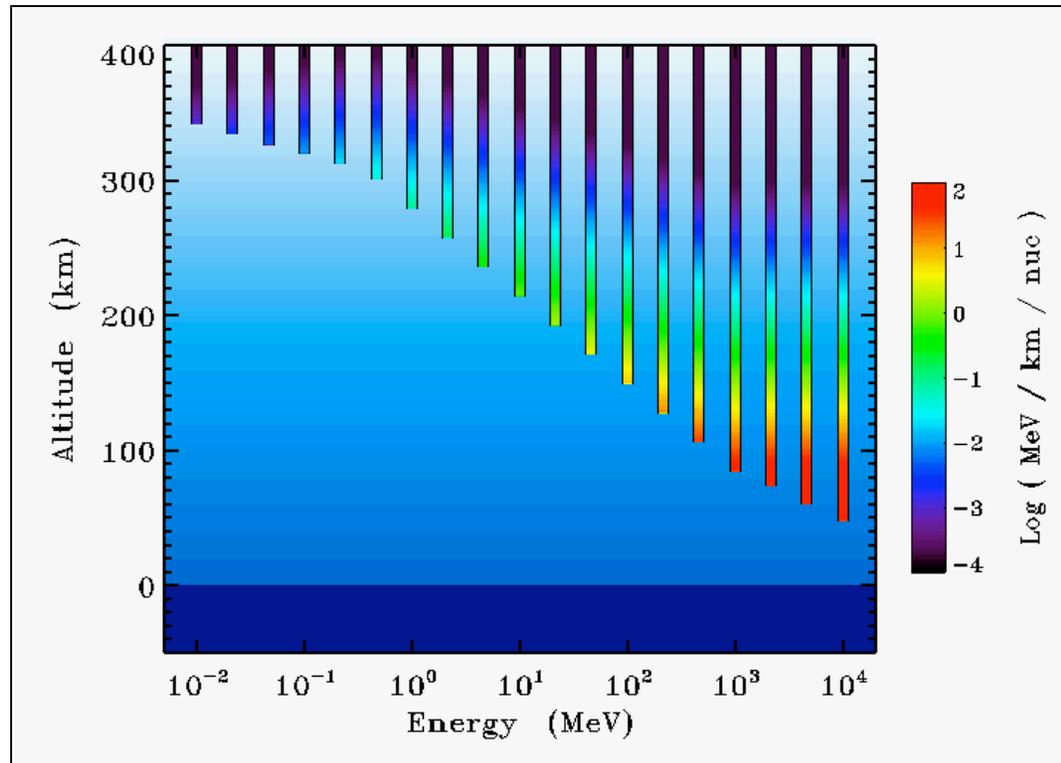
$g = 3.71 \text{ m/s}^2$
 $P(0) = 6.36 \text{ mbar}$
 $H = 11.1 \text{ km}$

SEP Input: Venus (isothermal)



$$z_0 = H \ln\left(\frac{g \cos \theta}{P_0} R(E)\right)$$

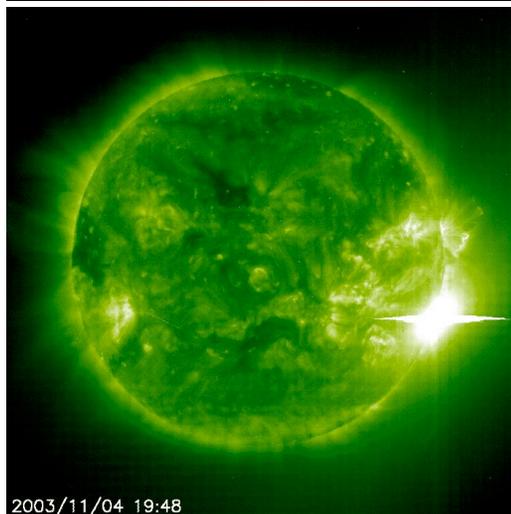
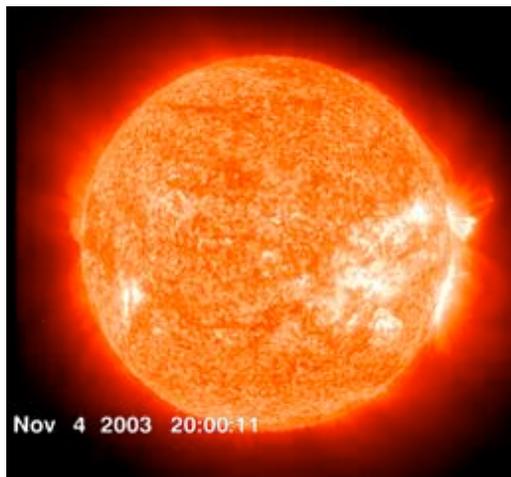
SEP Input: Venus (isothermal)



$$\begin{aligned} \square E &= E_{in} \frac{\square}{R(E_{in})} \\ &= \frac{E_{in}}{R(E)} \frac{P_0}{g \cos \square} \square e^{\square \frac{z}{H}} \square e^{\square \frac{z+\square z}{H}} \square \end{aligned}$$

Large SEP Events

Sun

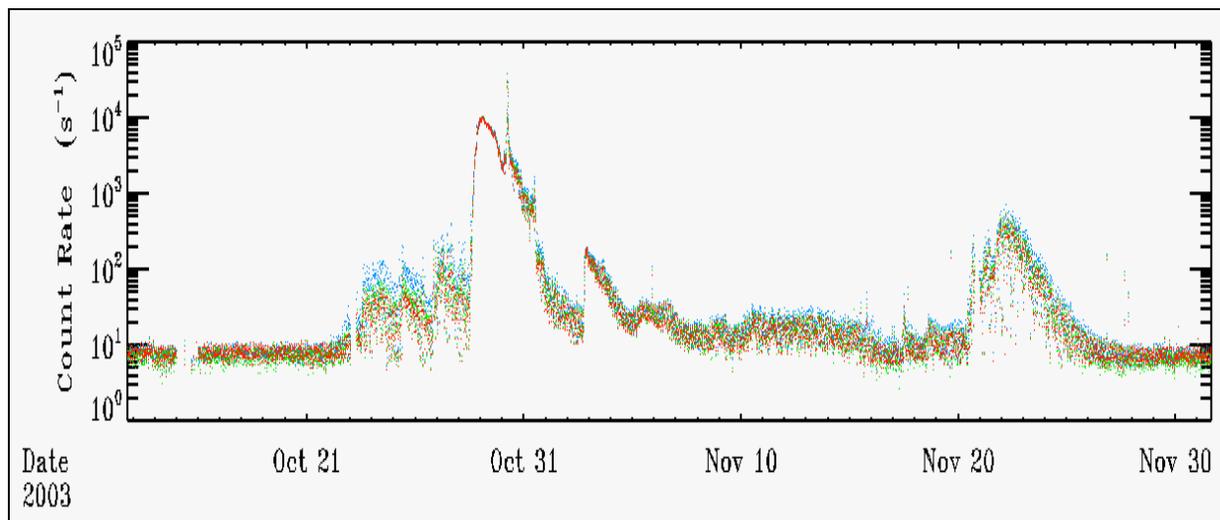
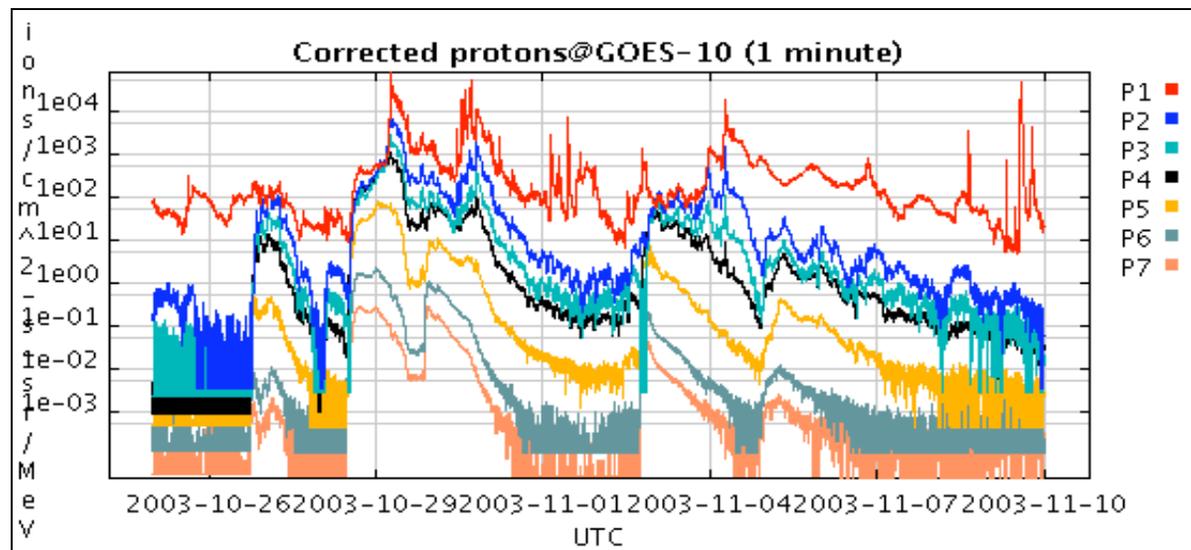


SOHO
ESA/NASA

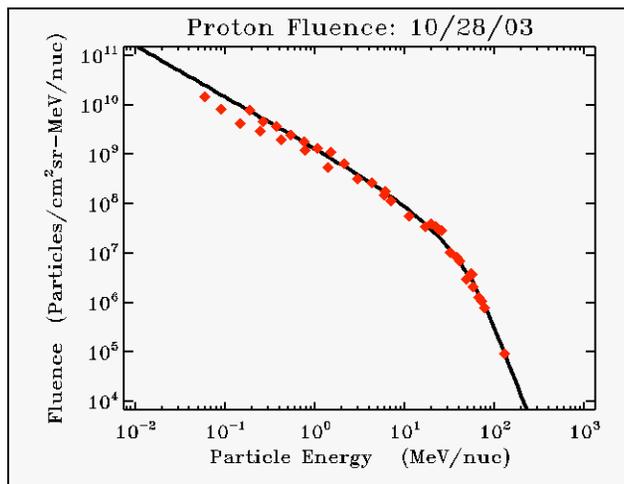
Mars

Earth

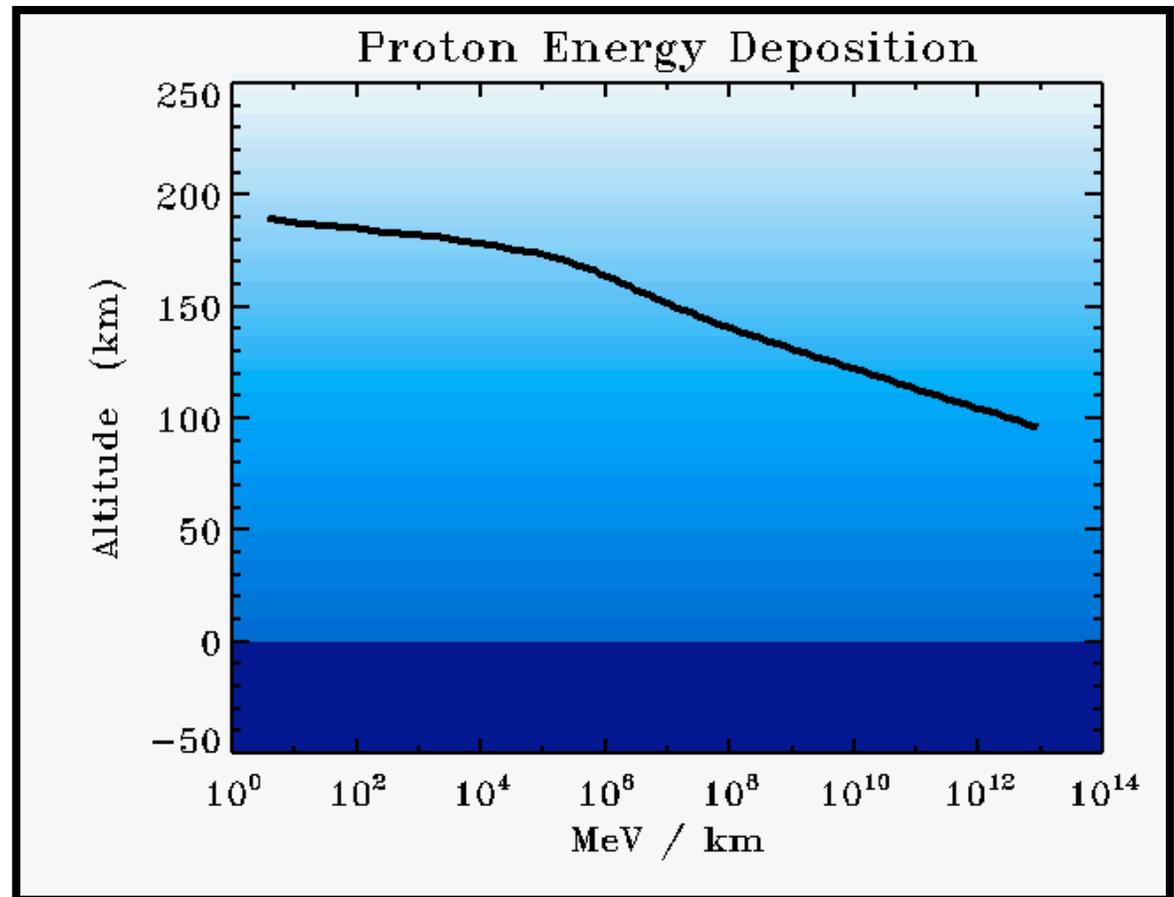
Courtesy R. Mewaldt



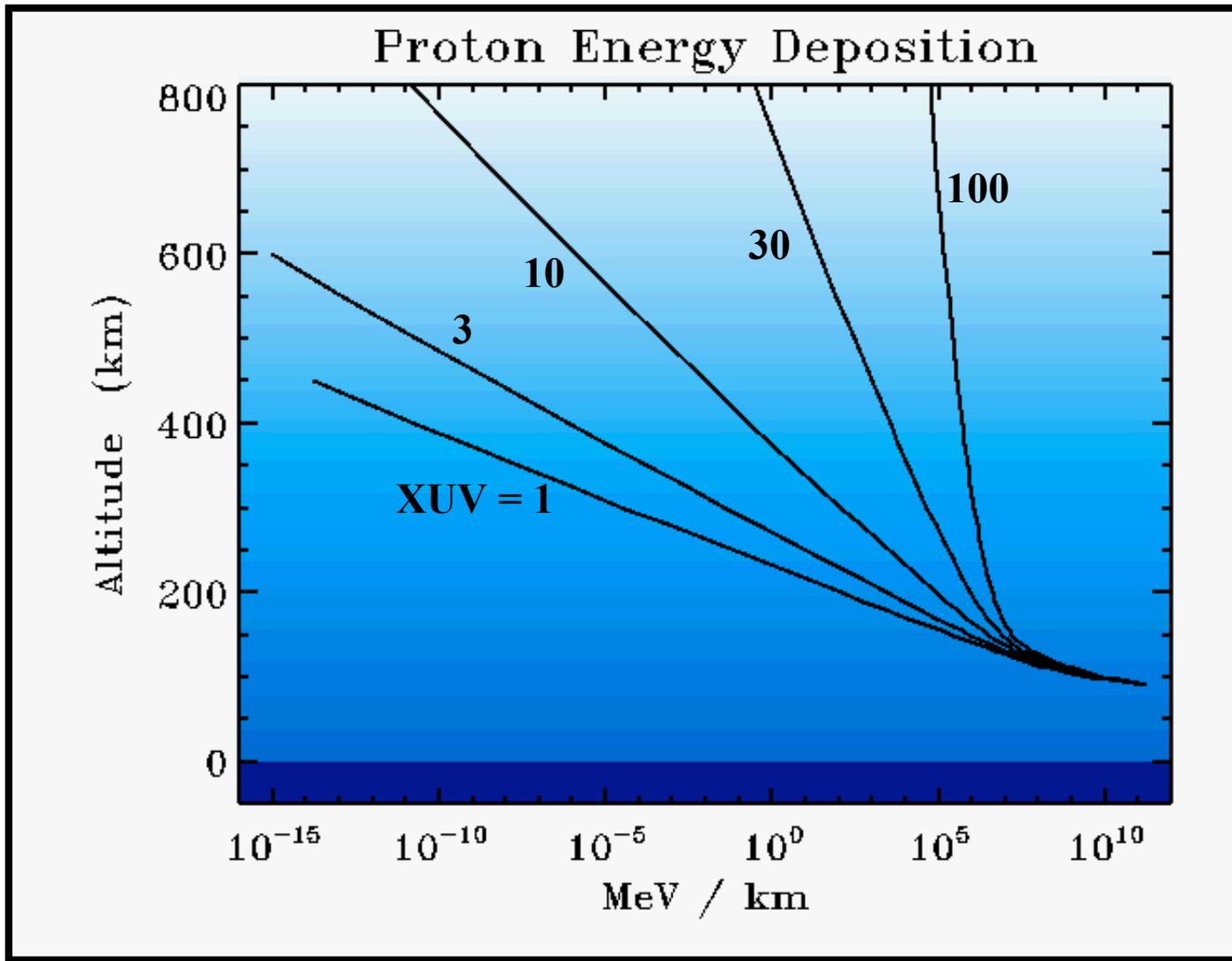
Energy Deposition: Venus Today



After Mewaldt et al., 2005



Energy Deposition: Early Venus



Future Directions

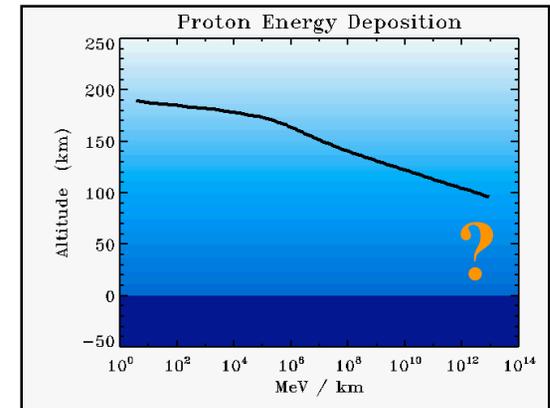
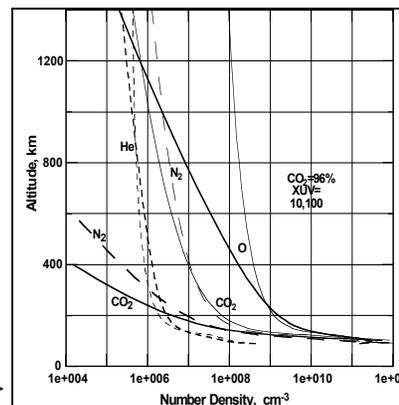
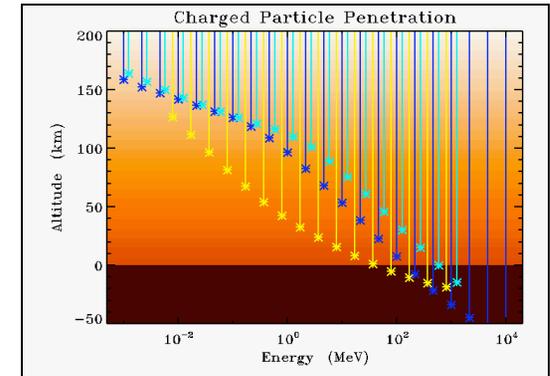
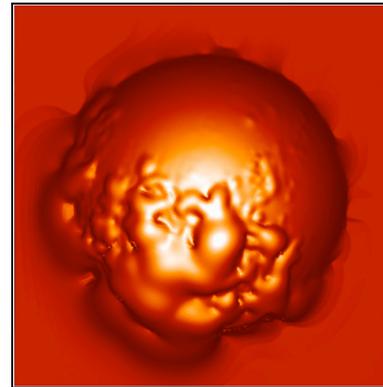
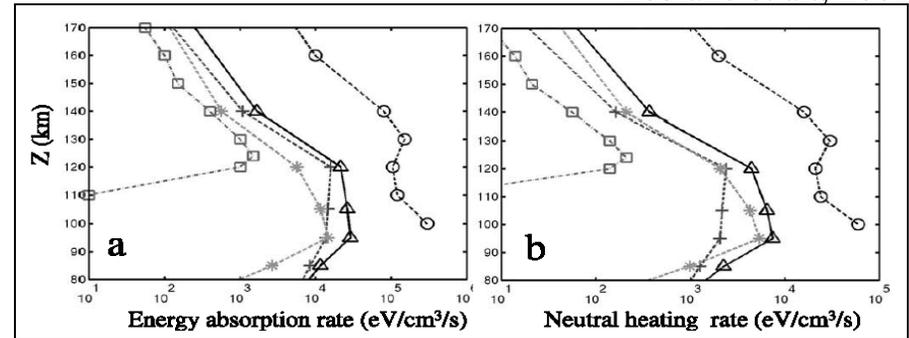
Leblanc et al., 2001

Methods

- Put in context with other energy sources
- Use more sophisticated code
- Calculate ionization vs. heating
- Consider planetary plasma interaction
- Non-uniform energy deposition

Inputs

- Use multi-species atmosphere
- Examine other SEP events
- Consider alphas, heavy ions, e^-
- Investigate lower atmosphere



Courtesy H. Lammer

Summary

- Solar Energetic Particle events influence planetary environments via relatively **large energy injections** over **short time periods**
- SEPs may provide significant energy contributions to atmospheres of **unmagnetized planets orbiting active stars**
- Energy deposition, **ionization and chemistry**, and **heating** can be calculated for a range of realistic conditions at planets orbiting Sun-like stars